<u>Unit Title</u>: Unit 1 -- iPad Navigation and Digital Citizenship

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

NJSLS for Computer Science and Design Thinking

- 8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.
- 8.1.2.NI.4: Explain why access to devices need to be secured.
- 8.1.2.IC.1: Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology

NJSLS for Mathematics

- MP 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- MP 2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- MP 6 Attend to precision.
- 2.OA.1. Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
- 2.OA.2 With accuracy and efficiency, add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. By end of Grade 2, know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.
- 2.OA.3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends.
- 2.NBT.1.Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones.

NJSLS for Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills

- 9.2.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
- 9.4.2.DC.2: Explain the importance of respecting digital content of others.
- 9.4.2.DC.3: Explain how to be safe online and follow safe practices when using the internet
- 9.4.2.DC.4: Compare information that should be kept private to information that might be made public.
- 9.4.2.DC.5: Explain what a digital footprint is and how it is created.
- 9.4.2.DC.6: Identify respectful and responsible ways to communicate in digital environments.

Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:	Essential/Guiding Question:
 Students will Use computer terminology in daily practice. Navigate and use a touch-screen device properly and effectively. Use basic troubleshooting techniques, such as refresh, closing out and restarting, using backspace, etc. Distinguish safe and unsafe behaviors when using a device. Compare and contrast how they can connect to different people and places, in person and on the Internet. Learn how to show respect online. Understand the importance of tone in both face-to-face and online communications Learn how to write clear and respectful emails. 	 How do you navigate and use a touch-screen device properly and effectively, what are some basic troubleshooting techniques, and how do you practice safe behaviors when using a device? How can you connect to different people and places, in person and on the Internet? How do you show respect online? How is tone important in both face-to-face and online communications and how do you write clear and respectful emails? What are passwords and what are strategies for creating and protecting secure passwords? How do you use keywords to complete Internet searches? How can you use hyperlinks to find important information and get good search results?

 Learn the functions of passwords, identify strategies for creating and protecting secure passwords, and create their own secure passwords using the lesson guidelines. Understand how to complete Internet searches using keywords. 	
 Use hyperlinks to find important information and develop web browsing skills. 	
Content: iPad Computer terminology Internet Communication Internet safety Digital citizenship Email Usernames Passwords Keyword Search bar Hyperlink	 Skills (Objectives): Navigate and use a touch-screen device properly and effectively, use basic troubleshooting techniques, and practice safe and unsafe behaviors when using a device. Explain how they can connect to different people and places, in person and on the Internet. Explain how to show respect online. Recognize the importance of tone in both face-to-face and online communications and explain how to write clear and respectful emails. Understand the functions of passwords, identify strategies for creating and protecting secure passwords, and create their own secure passwords using the lesson guidelines. Complete Internet searches using keywords. Use hyperlinks to find important information and develop web browsing skills.

Interdisciplinary Connection(s):

NJSLS for Language Arts Literacy

- RI.CR.2.1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how in an informational text to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
- L.VL.2.2- Determining or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies
- L.RF.2.4.A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- L.RF.2.4.B. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.
- W.WP.2.4. With guidance and support from adults and peers, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising and editing.
- W.WP.2.4.C- With feedback and digital or print tools such as a primary dictionary, find and correct errors.
- W.SE.2.7- Engage in both collaborative and independent writing tasks regularly, including extended and shorter time frames.
- SL.PE.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about Grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- SL.II.2.2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- SL.ES.2.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.
- S.PI.2.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
- SL.AS.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.
- L.WF.2.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

NJSLS for Science

- K-2-ETS1-1 Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
- K-2-ETS1-3 Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.

NJSLS for Social Studies

- 6.1.5.EconNM.4: Explain how creativity and innovation resulted in scientific achievement and inventions in many cultures during different historical periods.
- 6.1.5.EconGE.1: Explain how the development of communication systems has led to increased collaboration and the spread of ideas throughout the United States and the world.
- 6.1.5.CivicsHR.4: Identify actions that are unfair or discriminatory, such as bullying, and propose solutions to address such actions.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence **Performance Task(s): Other Evidence:** • Student classwork/projects • Teacher observation Student demonstration Student/Teacher conference • Class/partner/group discussion Unit Assessments [Web][PDF] • Self-assessments • Peer-assessments • • Turn and Talk Various class activities and games • Self-reflection • Exit tickets/questions • My Online Community Assessment [PDF] • Show Respect Online Assessment [PDF] • Writing Good Emails assessment [PDF] • Powerful Passwords Assessment [PDF] • Stage 3: Learning Plan **Resources:** Learning Opportunities/Strategies: Lesson 1: iPad navigation and using them properly Lesson 1: lpad navigation and using them properly Students will review the parts of an iPad, the home Parts of an iPad online worksheet • screen, how to open and close programs on an iPad, and Safari App (Ipad) • Chrome app (Chromebook) how to use a touch-screen properly and effectively. They • will review how to use hyperlinks, the characteristics of a hyperlink, the "back button" to navigate, use the scroll bar, and locate important information on a website. They will review keys on a keyboard, including "power keys" that help them with special functions. Students will learn basic troubleshooting techniques, such as using the refresh button, closing out and clicking back onto the application, backspace key, etc. They will review what it means to have safe and unsafe behaviors when using a device. Lesson 2 - My online community Lesson 2 - My online community Students explore the concept that people can connect TweetSheetsforClassroomTwitter-1.pdf • with one another through the Internet. They understand how the ability for people to communicate online can unite

a community. Students discuss the nature of the Internet, and understand that while it is not a "real" physical place, it is made up of real people. They use a graphic representation to explain the different in-person connections they have with their family, friends, and community.	
Lesson 3 - Show respect online Students explore the similarities and differences between in-person and online communications, and then learn how to write clear and respectful communication. Students begin by discussing how to be clear and respectful when they talk with people, either face to face or on the telephone. They explore the concept of tone, then compare and contrast what it is like to communicate face to face versus online. Students learn some rules that can help them express themselves clearly and respectfully when they write messages. They then apply what they have learned by editing an email message.	 Lesson 3 - Show respect online Notes App (Ipad) ■ Show Some Respect
Lesson 4 - Writing good emails Students explore the components of a well-written email. Students learn that such emails have a 5-part structure that is similar to that of traditional letters. Students then analyze the parts of an email, making note of the subtle differences. Lastly, students try to identify and correct seven errors in an email, keeping in mind five proofreading guidelines.	 <u>Person 4 - Writing good emails</u> <u>Person 4 - Writing good emails</u> <u>Sending Email: a K-2 Digital Citizenship Le</u>
Lesson 5 - Powerful passwords Students explore why people use passwords, learn the benefits of using passwords, and discover strategies for creating and keeping strong, secure passwords. Students learn password tips, test their existing passwords with an interactive game, and create new passwords using guidelines for powerful passwords.	 <u>Lesson 5 - Powerful passwords</u> Password Creator Guidelines How to make a strong password How to Create a Strong Password <u>https://www.security.org/how-secure-is-my-password/</u>
Lesson 6: Using the search bar Students will learn what "keywords" are and how to use them in a search bar to find websites. They will also determine which websites that appear in the search results are relevant and useful.	 Lesson 6: Using the search bar Effectively use keywords in search Search Keywords Tutorial Using Keywords
Lesson 7: Using hyperlinks and developing searching skills Students will learn how use hyperlinks to find important information and develop web browsing skills. Learning to use QR codes to access information.	Lesson 7: Using hyperlinks and developing searching skills • Google QR creator within Chrome Search Engine • QR code linked to pbskids.org • https://pbskids.org/ (students access both ways) • What is a hyperlink?

		○ 🛛 🗢 What is a	hyperlink example?
Differentiation *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are			
to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation.			
High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
Adaptation of materials	Varying instructional	<u>Materials</u>	<u>Materials</u>
and requirements	strategies	Provide pictures	Decreased text or question complexity
Elevated text or question	In-class interventions	Provide text in alternative	
complexity		formats, such as large print,	Provide page numbers or
	Compacting activity	audio formats, or digital text	highlighted texts
Independent student			
options	Extend or abbreviate duration of assignments	Use peer readers	Shorten assignments to focus on key concepts
Projects completed		Permit highlighting of text	
individually or with partners			<u>Grading</u>
		List discussion questions	Provide partial grade based
Self-selection of research		prior to reading text	on individual progress or effort
Open-ended activities		Vocabulary lists and/or study	
		guides	Use recognition tests
Expert mentorship		0	(true-false, multiple choice,
		Provide lecture notes/outline	or matching) instead of short answer
		Provide model or example	Provide a vocabulary list
		Environment	with definitions
		Reduce visual or auditory	with definitions
		distractions	Modified rubrics
		Preferential seating	
		Post a visual schedule	
		Emphasize multi-sensory learning	
		Directions Use oral, recorded, and/or printed directions with pictures	
		Highlight key words in directions	
		Give brief and concrete directions	

Have student verbalize steps
Repeat, clarify, or reword directions
<u>Time</u> Alert students before transitions
Provide additional time for tasks
Extra response time

Unit Title: Unit 2 -- Applications

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

NJSLS for Computer Science and Design Thinking

- 8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.
- 8.1.2.NI.4: Explain why access to devices need to be secured.
- 8.1.2.IC.1: Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology.

NJSLS for Mathematics

- MP 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- MP 2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- MP 6 Attend to precision.
- 2.OA.1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
- 2.OA..2 With accuracy and efficiency, add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. By end of Grade 2, know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.
- 2.OA.3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends.
- 2.NBT.1. Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones.

NJSLS for Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills

- 9.4.2.Cl.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work.
- 9.4.2.IML.1: Identify a simple search term to find information in a search engine or digital resource.
- 9.4.2.TL.1: Identify the basic features of a digital tool and explain the purpose of the tool.
- 9.4.2.TL.2: Create a document using a word processing application.
- 9.4.2.TL.6: Illustrate and communicate ideas and stories using multiple digital tools.

Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:	Essential/Guiding Question:
Students will	 How do you take a test on a device?
 Learn how to take a test on a device. 	 How do you use Google Classroom?

 Learn how to navigate Google Classroom. Learn how to create and submit a Google Doc through Google Classroom. Learn basic tools in a toolbar. Understand what a slide presentation program is and know when it would be appropriate to use it. Learn how to create a new slide presentation. Learn how to add additional slides and change the slide layout. Learn how to change the theme of a Slides presentation. Learn how to present their slide presentations. 	 How do you create and submit a Google Doc using Google Classroom? What are and how do you use the basic tools in the toolbar? How do you create a new Slides presentation? What are the tools used to create a slide presentation and how do you use them? How do you present a slide presentation?
Content: Internet Google Classroom Google Docs Toolbar Google Slides	 Skills (Objectives): Use test taking strategies to complete practice tests on an iPad. Use Google Classroom effectively and appropriately. Create and submit a Google Doc through Google Classroom. Explain and use basic tools in a toolbar. Create a new Slides presentation. Add a new slide and change the slide layout to their Slides presentation. Change the theme of a Slides presentation. Present their slide presentation.

Interdisciplinary Connection(s):

NJSLS for Language Arts Literacy

- RI.CR.2.1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how in an informational text to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.
- L.VL.2.2- Determining or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies
- L.RF.2.4.A. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- L.RF.2.4.B. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression.
- W.WP.2.4. With guidance and support from adults and peers, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising and editing.
- W.WP.2.4.C- With feedback and digital or print tools such as a primary dictionary, find and correct errors.
- W.SE.2.7- Engage in both collaborative and independent writing tasks regularly, including extended and shorter time frames.
- SL.PE.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about Grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

NJSLS for Science

- K-2-ETS1-1 Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
- K-2-ETS1-2 Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.

NJSLS for Social Studies

• 6.1.5.EconNM.4: Explain how creativity and innovation resulted in scientific achievement and inventions in many cultures during different historical periods.

 6.1.5.EconGE.1: Explain how the development of communication systems has led to increased collaboration and the spread of ideas throughout the United States and the world. 			
6.1.5.CivicsHR.4: Identify actions that are unfair or discriminatory, such as bullying, and propose solutions to address such actions			
Stago 2: Assas	smont Evidonco		
Performance Task(s):	Other Evidence:		
 Student classwork/projects Student demonstration Class/partner/group discussion Self-assessments Peer-assessments Turn and Talk Various class activities and games Self-reflection Exit tickets/questions Student presentations 	 Student/Teacher conference 		
Stage 3: Le	arning Plan		
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:		
Lesson 1: Test taking strategies Students will learn the strategies needed to take a test using an iPad. They will learn how to login to a practice test and how to navigate through questions and testing windows. Students will also learn test taking strategies. They will learn to look for radio buttons ("circle answer choices"), multiple answer boxes ("square answer choices"), short answer text box, etc. to determine how to answer the question.	 Lesson 1: Test taking strategies MAP testing video MAP testing app MAP practice test 		
<u>Lesson 2: Using Google Classroom</u> Students will learn how to navigate Google Classroom. They will learn how to use it to communicate with the teacher and classmates.	 <u>Lesson 2: Using Google Classroom</u> Google Classroom app Google Docs app 		
Lesson 3: Creating and submitting a Doc through Google Classroom Students will review how to create a new document and type their name, words, and sentences into a word processor. They will look for the cursor, or the "blinking line," that shows where the words appear. They will type sentences using proper spacing, make capital letters, and period at the end of a sentence. Students will review how to use the "power keys" in a doc, which include the return key, shift key, caps lock, and backspace. They will submit assignments through Google Classroom.	Lesson 3: Creating and submitting a Doc through Google Classroom Google Classroom app Google Docs app		
<u>Lesson 4: Using the toolbar</u> Students will learn how to use the commonly used tools in a toolbar in Google Docs, such as changing the size, style, and color.	 Lesson 4: Using the toolbar Google Docs app 		

	ayout	
Lesson 6: Adding a new slide and changing the layout Lesson 6: Adding a new slide and changing the		
Students will learn how to add a new slide and change the slide layout. Google Slides app 	 Google Slides app 	
Lesson 7: Changing the Slides presentation theme Lesson 7: Changing the Slides presentation there	Lesson 7: Changing the Slides presentation theme	
Students will learn how to change the theme of a slide Google Slides app presentation.	Google Slides app	
Lesson 8: Presenting a Slides presentation Lesson 8: Presenting a Slides presentation		
Students will learn how to show their slide presentation in • Google Slides app		
the class. Students will have an opportunity to make		
commendations and recommendations. Critiques will help		
students improve future slide presentations.		
Differentiation *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodat	ions are	
to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation.		
High-Achieving Students On Grade Level Struggling Students Special Need	s/ELL	
Adaptation of materials Varving instructional Materials Materials		
and requirements strategies Provide pictures Decreased text or	question	
complexity	quoonon	
Elevated text or question In-class interventions Provide text in alternative	_	
complexity formats, such as large print, Provide page num	ibers or	
Independent student		
options Extend or abbreviate Use peer readers Shorten assignme	nts to	
duration of assignments focus on key cond	epts	
Projects completed Permit highlighting of text		
Individually or with partners Grading		
List discussion questions Provide partial gra	ide based	
effort	less of	
Open-ended activities Vocabulary lists and/or study		
guides Use recognition te	sts	
Expert mentorship (true-false, multiple Provide lecture notes/outline or matching) insternation	e choice, ad of	
Provide model or example		

		Provide a vocabulary list
	Environment	with definitions
	Reduce visual or auditory	
	distractions	Modified rubrics
	Preferential seating	
	Post a visual schedule	
	Emphasize multi-sensory	
	learning	
	Directions	
	Use oral recorded and/or	
	printed directions with	
	pictures	
	Highlight key words in	
	directions	
	Give brief and concrete	
	diectors	
	Have student verbalize steps	
	Repeat, clarify, or reword	
	directions	
	The	
	<u>Time</u> Alort students before	
	transitions	
	Provide additional time for	
	tasks	
	Extra response time	

Unit Title: Unit 3 -- Coding

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

NJSLS for Computer Science and Design Thinking

- 8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.
- 8.1.2.NI.4: Explain why access to devices need to be secured.
- 8.1.2.IC.1: Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology.

NJSLS for Mathematics

- MP 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- MP 2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- MP 6 Attend to precision.
- 2.OA.1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
- 2.OA.2 With accuracy and efficiency, add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. By end of Grade 2, know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.
- 2.OA.3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends.
- 2.NBT.1. Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones.
- 2.G.1. Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces.5 Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.
- 2.G.2. Partition a rectangle into rows and columns of same-size squares and count to find the total number of them.
- 2.G.3. Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape. For example, students partition a rectangle (i.e. the whole) into three equal shares, identify each of the shares as a 'third' and describe the rectangle as three 'thirds'.

NJSLS for Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills

- 9.2.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
- 9.4.2.Cl.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives.
- 9.4.2.Cl.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work.
- 9.4.2.CT.2: Identify possible approaches and resources to execute a plan.
- 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).
- 9.4.2.TL.1: Identify the basic features of a digital tool and explain the purpose of the tool.
- 9.4.2.TL.4: Navigate a virtual space to build context and describe the visual content.
- 9.4.2.TL.7: Describe the benefits of collaborating with others to complete digital tasks or develop digital artifacts.

Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:	Essential/Guiding Question:
 Students will Review the basics of computer programming, such as move forward, turn, and "light" (action) that are used to program lightbot robot in the Lightbot app. Understand how to use the basic computer programming commands to create procedures that will control the movement of their lightbot robot in the Lightbot app. Understand how to use loops to control the movement of their lightbot app. Understand how to use loops to control the movement of their lightbot app. Use strategies in critical thinking, problem solving, and troubleshooting to complete coding puzzles in the Lightbot app. 	 What are procedures in computer programming and how do you use them? What are loops in computer programming and how do you use them? How do you use loops and actions to control the movement of a character in the Scratch Jr app? What are special action commands, such as "Looks Blocks," "Sound Blocks," and "Control Blocks," and how are they used to control the movement and actions of their character in the Scratch Jr app? How do you build a robot using the Robo Wunderkind block pieces and how do you control its movement? How do you use code to control the movement of a Robo Wunderkind robot?

Understand how to use loops and actions to	• What are sensors, how do they work, and how do
control the movement of their character in the	they help a robot?
Scratch Jr app.	
 Understand special action commands, such as 	
"Looks Blocks." "Sound Blocks." and "Control	
Blocks," to control the movement and actions of	
their character in the Scratch Jr app.	
Understand how to program multiple characters to	
use advanced action commands in the Scratch Jr	
app	
 Understand how to use strategies in creativity 	
critical thinking problem solving and	
troubleshooting to determine their own way to	
make their character(s) do advanced movements	
on the screen	
 Build a robot using special block pieces and 	
control movement using the Robo Wunderkind	
Live ann	
 Program the movements of their robot using 	
code	
 Learn what sensors are how they work and how 	
they help a robot.	
Content:	Skills (Objectives):
Computer programmer	Use procedures to control the movement of their
Computer program	Lightbot robot in the Lightbot app.
Code	 Use loops to control the movement of their Lightbot
Command	robot in the Lightbot app.
Algorithm	 Use loops and actions to control the movement of
• Sequence	their character in the Scratch Jr app.
• Debug	Use special action commands, such as "Looks
5	Blocks," "Sound Blocks," and "Control Blocks," to
	control the movement and actions of their character
	In the Scratch Jr app.
	Build a topol using Robo wunderkind kit block pieces and central its meyoment using the Bebe
	Wunderkind Live app
	 Program the movements of their Robo Wunderkind
	robot using code
	 Explain what sensors are, how they work, and how
	they help a robot.
Interdisciplinary Connection(s):	

NJSLS for Language Arts Literacy

- SL.PE.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about Grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- SL.II.2.2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- SL.ES.2.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.
- S.PI.2.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
- SL.AS.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.

 L.WF.2.1 - Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

NJSLS for Science

- K-2-ETS1-1 Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
- K-2-ETS1-3 Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.

NJSLS for Social Studies

- 6.1.5.EconNM.4: Explain how creativity and innovation resulted in scientific achievement and inventions in many cultures during different historical periods.
- 6.1.5.EconGE.1: Explain how the development of communication systems has led to increased collaboration and the spread of ideas throughout the United States and the world.
- 6.1.5.CivicsHR.4: Identify actions that are unfair or discriminatory, such as bullying, and propose solutions to address such actions.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence			
 Performance Task(s): Student classwork/projects Student demonstration Class/partner/group discussion Self-assessments Peer-assessments Turn and Talk Various class activities and games Self-reflection Exit tickets/questions 	 Other Evidence: Teacher observation Student/Teacher conference 		
Stage 3: Le	arning Plan		
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:		
Lesson 1: Using procedures to code Lightbot Students will review the basics of computer programming, such as move forward, turn, and "light" (action), to control the movement of their Lightbot robot in the app. In this lesson, they will learn more advanced commands. They will learn how to use the basic commands to create procedures that will control the movement of their robot. Students will use strategies in critical thinking, problem solving, and troubleshooting to complete coding puzzles.	 Lesson 1: Using procehvygu8udures to code Lightbot Lightbot app 		
Lesson 2: Using loops to code Lightbot Students will learn the more advanced commands in computer programming through the Lightbot app. They will learn how to use loops to control the movement of their Lightbot robot. Students will use strategies in critical thinking, problem solving, and troubleshooting to complete coding puzzles.	 Lesson 2: Using loops to code Lightbot Lightbot app 		
Lesson 3: Using loops and actions to code a Scratch Jr character	Lesson 3: Using loops and actions to code a Scratch Jr character		

Students will review the basic such as move forward and tu of their character in the Scrat how to use loops and actions movement of their character. in creativity, critical thinking, troubleshooting to determine character move on the scree	cs of computer programming, rn, to control the movement cch Jr app. They will learn to control the freestyle Students will use strategies problem solving, and their own way to make their n.	Scratch Jr app		
Lesson 4: Using advanced an Scratch Jr character Students will learn the more a computer programming throu will learn special action comr Blocks," "Sound Blocks," and the movement and actions of program multiple characters commands. Students will us critical thinking, problem solv determine their own way to m advanced movements on the	ction commands to code a advanced commands of ugh the Scratch Jr app. They nands, such as "Looks d "Control Blocks," to control their character. They can to use advanced action e strategies in creativity, ing, and troubleshooting to nake their character(s) do e screen.	Lesson 4: Using advanced action commands to code a Scratch Jr character • Scratch Jr app		
Lesson 5: Building and contro robot Students will build a robot us control movement using the I Students will brainstorm and the pieces together and contro	olling a Robo Wunderkind ing the kit block pieces and Robo Wunderkind Live app. collaborate on ways to put rol how it will move.	 <u>Lesson 5: Building and controlling a Robo Wunderkind</u> <u>robot</u> Robo Wunderkind Kit Robo Wunderkind Live app 		
Lesson 6: Building and coding a Robo Wunderkind robot Students will build a robot using the kit block pieces and Lego pieces. They will use the Robo Wunderkind Code app to program the movements of their robot. Students will brainstorm and collaborate on different ways to put the pieces together and which code commands they will use to control how it will move.		 <u>Lesson 6: Building and coding a Robo Wunderkind robot</u> Robo Wunderkind Kit Robo Wunderkind Code app 		
Lesson 7: Using sensors on a Robo Wunderkind robot Students will learn what sensors are, how they work, and how they help a robot. They will build a robot with sensors. They will use the Robo Wunderkind Code app to code the robot with sensors. Students will collaborate on ways to put the pieces together and which code commands they will need to use with the sensors.		 Lesson 7: Using sensors on a Robo Wunderkind robot Robo Wunderkind Kit Robo Wunderkind Code app 		
<u>Differentiation</u> *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation				
High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL	
Adaptation of materials and requirements	Varying instructional strategies	Materials Provide pictures	Materials Decreased text or question complexity	

Elevated text or question	In-class interventions	Provide text in alternative	
complexity		formats, such as large print,	Provide page numbers or
	Compacting activity	audio formats, or digital text	highlighted texts
Independent student			
options	Extend or abbreviate	Use peer readers	Shorten assignments to
	duration of assignments		focus on key concepts
Projects completed		Permit highlighting of text	
individually or with partners			Grading
		List discussion questions	Provide partial grade based
Self-selection of research		prior to reading text	on individual progress or
			effort
Open-ended activities		Vocabulary lists and/or study	
		guides	Use recognition tests
Expert mentorship			(true-false, multiple choice,
		Provide lecture notes/outline	or matching) instead of
			short answer
		Provide model or example	
			Provide a vocabulary list
		<u>Environment</u>	with definitions
		Reduce visual or auditory	
		distractions	Modified rubrics
		Preferential seating	
		Post a visual schedule	
		Emphasize multi-sensory	
		learning	
		<u>Directions</u>	
		Use oral, recorded, and/or	
		printed directions with	
		pictures	
		Highlight key words in	
		directions	
		Give brief and concrete	
		directions	
		Have student verbalize steps	
		Popost elerify or reword	
		directions	
		Timo	

Alert students before transitions
Provide additional time for tasks
Extra response time

Unit Title: Unit 4 -- STEAM

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

NJSLS for Computer Science and Design Thinking

- 8.1.2.CS.1: Select and operate computing devices that perform a variety of tasks accurately and quickly based on user needs and preferences.
- 8.1.2.NI.4: Explain why access to devices need to be secured.
- 8.1.2.IC.1: Compare how individuals live and work before and after the implementation of new computing technology.

NJSLS for Mathematics

- MP 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- MP 2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- MP 6 Attend to precision.
- 2.OA.A.1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
- 2.OA.B.2 With accuracy and efficiency, add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. By end of Grade 2, know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.
- 2.OA.C.3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends.
- 2.NBT.1. Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones.
- 2.G.1. Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces.5 Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.
- 2.G.2. Partition a rectangle into rows and columns of same-size squares and count to find the total number of them.
- 2.G.3. Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape. For example, students partition a rectangle (i.e. the whole) into three equal shares, identify each of the shares as a 'third' and describe the rectangle as three 'thirds'.

NJSLS for Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills

- 9.2.2.CAP.1: Make a list of different types of jobs and describe the skills associated with each job.
- 9.4.2.Cl.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives.
- 9.4.2.Cl.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work.
- 9.4.2.CT.2: Identify possible approaches and resources to execute a plan.
- 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive).

 9.4.2.TL.6: Illustrate and communicate ideas and sto 	pries using multiple digital tools.
 9.4.2.TL.7: Describe the benefits of collaborating with artifactors 	th others to complete digital tasks or develop digital
 artifacts. Central Idea / Enduring Understanding: Students will Understand what stop motion animation is. Understand how to make a stop motion animation Understand how to use stop motion animation to tell a story. Understand different types of stop motion animation. Understand how to use different materials to 	 Essential/Guiding Question: What is stop motion animation and how do you create a stop motion animation? How can you use stop motion to tell a story? What are the different types of stop motion animations? How do you create a circuit with multiple functionality? How do you create your own circuit?
 Onderstand now to use different materials to make different types of stop motion animation. Create different types of circuits with multiple functionality. Create their own circuits using the components provided in the snap circuit kit. Learn the concepts of energy, design, and engineering that are used in vehicles. Design and create a car, boat, and plane using craft materials. 	 How do you create your own circuit? What are the concepts of energy, design, and engineering that are used in vehicles (cars, boats, or planes) and how do you use those principles to design and create a vehicle (car, boat, or plane) using craft supplies?
 Content: Stop motion animation Electricity Circuits Energy Design Engineering Vehicles 	 Skills (Objectives): Create a stop motion animation. Tell a story using stop motion animation. Create different types of stop motion animation by using different materials. Create different types of circuits with multiple functionality. Create their own circuits using the components provided in the snap circuit kit. Explain the concepts of energy, design, and engineering that are used in vehicles and design and build a car, boat, and plane using craft materials.

Interdisciplinary Connection(s):

NJSLS for Language Arts Literacy

- SL.PE.2.1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about Grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- SL.II.2.2. Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- SL.ES.2.3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.
- S.PI.2.4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
- SL.AS.2.6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.
- L.WF.2.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

NJSLS for Science

- K-2-ETS1-1 Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
- K-2-ETS1-2 Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.
- K-2-ETS1-3 Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.

NJSLS for Social Studies

- 6.1.5.EconNM.4: Explain how creativity and innovation resulted in scientific achievement and inventions in many cultures during different historical periods.
- 6.1.5.EconGE.1: Explain how the development of communication systems has led to increased collaboration and the spread of ideas throughout the United States and the world.
- 6.1.5.CivicsHR.4: Identify actions that are unfair or discriminatory, such as bullying, and propose solutions to address such actions.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence

Other Evidence:

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Teacher observation

Student/Teacher conference

Performance Task(s):

- Student classwork/projects
- Student demonstration
- Class/partner/group discussion
- Self-assessments
- Peer-assessments
- Turn and Talk
- Various class activities and games
- Self-reflection
- Exit tickets/questions

Stage 3: Learning Plan

Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:
Lesson 1: Create a stop motion animation Students will learn: what is a stop motion animation, why it is used, and how to make a stop motion animation. They will view and discuss example stop motions movies. Students will use creativity, communication, and collaboration to create their own stop motion animations using a few objects.	 Lesson 1: Create a stop motion animation Stop Motion Studio app
Lesson 2: Storytelling through stop motion Students will continue to expand on their understanding of stop motion. They will learn about different ways it can be used to tell different types of stories. Students will use creativity, communication, and collaboration to create their own stop motion animations using a variety of objects.	 <u>Lesson 2: Storytelling through stop motion</u> Stop Motion Studio app
Lesson 3: Making different types of stop motion Students will continue to expand on their understanding of stop motion. They will learn about how they can use different materials, such as a whiteboard and small objects, to make different types of stop motion. Students will use creativity, communication, and collaboration to	 Lesson 3: Making different types of stop motion Stop Motion Studio app

create their own stop motion materials.	animations using a variety of			
Lesson 4: Create multi-functi Students will review the fund and understand how they are They will use the snap circuit of circuits with multiple functi light bulb and spinning a mot in critical thinking, problem so communication, and collabor challenges.	oning circuits amentals of electronic circuits a used in technology devices. t kit to create different types onality, such as shining a or. They will use strategies olving, creativity, ation to complete circuit	Lesson 4: Create multi-functioning circuits Snap Circuit Kit 		
Lesson 5: Create your own circuits Students will be able to apply what they learned about circuits to manipulate and create their own circuits using the components provided in the snap circuit kit.		Lesson 5: Create your own c ● Snap Circuit Kit	Lesson 5: Create your own circuits Snap Circuit Kit	
Lesson 6: Create a car Students will be introduced to concepts of energy, design, and engineering that are used in cars. They will use these concepts to design and create a car. They will use problem solving and critical thinking skills to build, re-design, and test their car.		 Lesson 6: Create a car Design and Play STEAM Kit 		
Lesson 7: Create a boat Students will be introduced to concepts of energy, design, and engineering that are used in boats. They will use these concepts to design and create a boat. They will use problem solving and critical thinking skills to build, re-design, and test their boat.		 Lesson 7: Create a boat Design and Play STEAM Kit 		
Lesson 8: Create a plane Students will be introduced to concepts of energy, design, and engineering that are used in planes. They will use these concepts to design and create a plane. They will use problem solving and critical thinking skills to build, re-design, and test their plane.		 Lesson 8: Create a plane Design and Play STEAM Kit 		
Differentiation *Please note to refer to Struggling and/or \$: Teachers who have students Special Needs Section for diffe	with 504 plans that require currer	ricular accommodations are	
High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL	
Adaptation of materials and requirements	Varying instructional strategies	Materials Provide pictures	<u>Materials</u> Decreased text or question complexity	
Elevated text or question complexity Independent student	In-class interventions Compacting activity	Provide text in alternative formats, such as large print, audio formats, or digital text	Provide page numbers or highlighted texts	
options	Extend or abbreviate duration of assignments	Use peer readers	Shorten assignments to focus on key concepts	

Projects completed	Permit highlighting of text	
individually or with partners		Grading
, , ,	List discussion questions	Provide partial grade based
Self-selection of research	prior to reading text	on individual progress or
	phor to reading text	offort
Open ended estivities	Veeebuler, liste and/or study	elloit
Open-ended activities		
_ , , ,	guides	
Expert mentorship		(true-false, multiple choice,
	Provide lecture notes/outline	or matching) instead of
		short answer
	Provide model or example	
		Provide a vocabulary list
	Environment	with definitions
	Reduce visual or auditory	
	distractions	Modified rubrics
	Proforantial soating	
	Fielerential seating	
	Desta standarda dala	
	Post a visual schedule	
	Emphasize multi-sensory	
	learning	
	Directions	
	Use oral, recorded, and/or	
	printed directions with	
	pictures	
	plotaloo	
	Highlight key words in	
	directions	
	Give brief and concrete	
	directions	
	Have student verbalize steps	
	Repeat, clarify, or reword	
	directions	
	Time	
	Alert students before	
	transitions	
	tasks	
	Extra response time	



Technology Enrichment

Pacing Guide

Grade 2

Units	Unit TOTAL*	Cumulative TOTAL**
Unit 1 – iPad Navigation and Digital Citizenship	7 days	7 days
Unit 2 – Applications	8 days	15 days
Unit 3 – Coding	7 days	22 days
Unit 4 – STEM	8 days	30 days
		30 days

* Unit Total is inclusive of introduction, instruction, assessment for that particular topic.

** Cumulative Total is a running total, inclusive of prior and current topics.