Unit 1: Suspense!

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

Language Domain

L.SS.8.1. Language. System and Structure of Language.8.1. Demonstrate command of the system and structure of the English language when writing or speaking.

- A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.
- B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
- C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
- D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.
- E. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
- F. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
- G. Recognize spelling conventions.

L.KL.8.2. Language. Knowledge of Language.8.2. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

- A. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
- B. Gather vocabulary knowledge when selecting a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
- C. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).

L.VL.8.3. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Literal Meaning.6.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- B. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.
- C. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
- D. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
- E. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

L.VI.8.4. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Interpretative Meaning.8.4. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

- A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.
- B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
- C. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
- D. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).

Reading Domain

RL.CR.8.1. Reading Literature. Close Reading of Text.8.1. Cite a range of textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections to strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

RL.CI.8.2. Reading Literature. Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.8.2. Determine a theme of a literary text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

RL.IT.8.3. Reading Literature.Interactions Among Text Elements.8.3. Analyze how particular elements of a text interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot, how ideas influence individuals or events, or how characters influence ideas or events) across multiple text types, including across literary and informational texts.

RL.TS.8.4. Reading Literature.Text Structure.8.4. Compare and contrast the structure of texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning, tone and style.

RL.PP.8.5. Reading Literature.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.8.5. Analyze how an author conveys or develops their perspective or purpose in a text through the use of different perspectives of the characters and that of the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony).

RL.MF.8.6. Reading Literature. Diverse Media and Formats.8.6. Evaluate the choices made (by the authors, directors or actors) when presenting an idea in different mediums, including the representation/s or various perspectives of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), as well as what is emphasized or absent in each work.

RL.CT.8.8. Reading Literature.Comparison of Texts.8.8. Analyze and reflect on how the author's idea in fiction and literary nonfiction texts (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) is shaped by the author's emphasis on different evidence, advancing different interpretations of facts, or fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period.

Writing Domain

W.NW.8.3. Writing.Narrative Writing.8.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

- A. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- C. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.
- D. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.

W.WP.8.4. Writing.Writing Process.8.4. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, sustaining effort to complete complex writing tasks; seeking out assistance, models, sources or feedback to improve understanding or refine final products; focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.8.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.8.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
- C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
- D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
- SL.II.8.2. Speaking and Listening.Integrate Information.8.2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
- SL.ES.8.3. Speaking and Listening. Evaluate Speakers.8.3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- SL.PI.8.4. Speaking and Listening.Present Information.8.4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- SL.UM.8.5. Speaking and Listening. Use Media.8.5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
- SL.AS.8.6. Speaking and Listening.Adapt Speech.8.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Integration of Climate Change:

SL.II.8.2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation. Climate Change Example: Students may analyze an argument on climate change (documentary, advertisement, speech, etc.), taking into account the source of the argument, its credibility, and the motives behind its presentation.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills			
Standard	Core Ideas		
9.4.8.GCA.1: (e.g., 1.5.8.C1a).	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect	Awareness of and appreciation for cultural	
9.4.8.GCA.2	Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a group goal.	differences is critical to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction.	
9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for information.	Increases in the quantity of information available through electronic means have	
9.4.8.IML.2	Identify specific examples of distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation of information.	heightened the need to check sources for possible distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation.	
9.4.8.IML.3	Create a digital visualization that effectively communicates a data set using formatting techniques such as form, position, size, color,	Digital tools make it possible to analyze and interpret data, including text, images, and	

	movement, and spatial ground 7.SP.B.8b).	uping (e.g., 6.SP.B.4,	sound. These tools allow for broad concepts and data to be more effectively communicated.
9.4.8.IML.8	Apply deliberate and thoughtful search strategies to access high-quality information on climate change (e.g., 1.1.8.C1b).		Sources of information are evaluated for accuracy and relevance when considering the use of information.
9.4.8.IML.12	Use relevant tools to produce, publish, and deliver information supported with evidence for an authentic audience. There is a need to produce and publish media the information supported quality evidence and intended for authentic		There is a need to produce and publish media that has information supported with quality evidence and is intended for authentic audiences.
9.4.8.TL.1	Construct a spreadsheet in order to analyze multiple data sets, identify relationships, and facilitate data-based decision-making. Some digital tools are appropriate for gather organizing, analyzing, presenting information other types of digital to are appropriate for creatext, visualizations, more and communicating w		Some digital tools are appropriate for gathering, organizing, analyzing, and presenting information, while other types of digital tools are appropriate for creating text, visualizations, models, and communicating with others.
	Central Idea/Enduring Understanding:		tion:
Suspense draws us in by pla curiosity, and imagination, re uncertainty shape our percept storytelling techniques like for mood, writers and creators un anticipation and keep us que next. In this unit, students extories—from eerie encounted universal emotions, making un question the consequences of fate. By analyzing and creating students learn how authors or readers and evoke powerful,	vealing how tension and otion of reality. Through reshadowing, pacing, and se suspense to build stioning what will happen plore how suspensefulers to chilling twists—tap into us consider the unknown and of curiosity, choices, and ang suspenseful tales, traft tension to engage	Suspense!: What attracts	us to stories of suspense?
Content: IXL			und information about the use and traditions to make a wish
Fall MAP		 Research using h 	nyperlinks a range of t the history and practice of
Rain, Rain Go Away by Isaac Asimov			nd using lucky charms.Learn
ICE		 Practice using conjugate identifying theme 	ncrete strategies for
Create your own alien-descriptive writing		 Participate effect 	ively in a range of d collaborations to express
The Monkey's Paw by W.W. Button Button by Richard Ma		ideas and build u	pon the ideas of others. e reading of a short story.
Poe			

"Tell-Tale Heart" by Edgar Allan Poe SpongeBob Squeaky Boots

"The Raven" by Edgar Allan Poe The Simpsons The Raven

The Woman in the Snow by Patricia McKissack The Girl in the Lavender Dress

Cujo

Sorry, Wrong Number

Suspense Story

- Practice and apply concrete strategies for identifying the story elements and analyzing the theme of a short story.
- Prewrite, plan, and produce clear and coherent writing in response to a prompt.
- Learn the definition of Greek and Latin affixes and roots.
- Practice and apply concrete strategies for using Greek and Latin affixes and roots, as well as etymological information provided by a dictionary, as clues to the meanings of words.
- Complete a close reading of a passage from literature.
- Practice and apply concrete strategies for analyzing a short story using textual evidence.

Respond to a writing prompt in order to:

- Analyze the prompt and generate information for a suspenseful narrative.
- Prewrite, plan, and produce clear and coherent writing in response to a prompt.
- Discuss and demonstrate an understanding of the features of narrative writing.
- Practice and apply concrete strategies for identifying features of narrative writing.
- Discuss and demonstrate and understanding of organizational structure in narrative writing.
- Practice and apply concrete strategies for organizing narrative writing.
- Discuss and demonstrate understanding of narrative writing features.
- Discuss and demonstrate understanding of narrative introductions.
- Practice using concrete strategies for identifying elements of narrative introductions and apply this knowledge to the development of their own narrative introductions.
- Discuss and demonstrate an understanding narrative techniques and sequencing.
- Practice identifying narrative techniques and sequencing and apply this understanding to an original piece of writing.
- Plan a suspenseful narrative by sequencing events of rising action, climax, and falling action.
- Practice the narrative elements of descriptive details and sensory language as well as research using hyperlinks to a range of information about details and sensory language, including articles, videos, audio, as well as informational and educational perspectives.

Discuss and demonstrate an understanding of the purpose and mechanics of dialogue in narrative writing. Practice identifying and writing dialogue in a piece of narrative writing. • Discuss and demonstrate an understanding of narrative conclusions. Practice concrete strategies for identifying elements of narrative conclusions and apply this understanding to an original narrative Identify and discuss the features of narrative writing: organization, narrative introductions, narrative techniques and sequencing, descriptive details, dialogue, audience and purpose, and narrative conclusions. Draft a narrative essay in response to a prompt. Discuss and demonstrate an understanding of the purpose and function of transitions in narrative writing. • Practice concrete strategies for identifying and using transitions in narrative writing. Identify and discuss elements of narrative writing. • Revise a narrative to improve content and organization. Identify editing, proofreading, and publishing Edit and proofread text to finalize plot, dialogue, descriptions, and organization, and to eliminate errors in grammar, punctuation, and spelling. • Use technology to produce and publish writing. **Interdisciplinary Connections:** The texts in this unit inform students' understanding of Victorian England, mental illnesses, psychology, and 19th Century American history. Stage 2: Assessment Evidence **Other Evidence: Performance Task(s):** Extended Writing Project: Narrative Writing/Writing **CFAs** Process End of Unit Assessment Stage 3: Learning Plan **Learning Opportunities/Strategies: Resources:** Do Now Cold Call StudySync Turn-and-Talk Pear Assessment <u>IX</u>L Think-Pair-Share Jigsaw

LGBT and Disabilities Resources:

Corners

Gallery Walk

Text Annotation	 LGBTQ-Inclusive Lesson & Resources by
Group Discussions	Garden State Equality and Make it Better for
Conferencing	<u>Youth</u>
Socratic Seminar	LGBTQ+ Books
Think Alouds	
Small Group Instruction	DEI Resources:
Accountable Talk	 <u>Learning for Justice</u>
Close Read	GLSEN Educator Resources
Modeling	 Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List
Student Goal Setting	 Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing
Exit Ticket	<u>Opportunities</u>
	 NJDOE Diversity, Equity & Inclusion
	Educational Resources
	 <u>Diversity Calendar</u>

<u>Differentiation</u> *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
	Students		
IXL	IXL	IXL	Any student requiring further accommodations and/or
Small Group Instruction	Small Group Instruction	Small Group Instruction	modifications will have them individually listed in their 504
Stations	Stations	Stations	Plan or IEP. These might include, but are not limited
Student Choice	Student Choice	Student Choice	to: breaking assignments into smaller tasks, giving
		Graphic Organizers	directions through several channels (auditory, visual,
		Sentence Frames	kinesthetic, model), and/or small group instruction for
		Fill-in the Blank	reading/writing
			ELL supports should include, but are not limited to, the
			following:
			Extended time
			Provide visual aids Repeated directions
			Differentiate based on
			proficiency
			Provide word banks
			Allow for translators, dictionaries

Unit 2: In Time of War

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

Language Domain

L.SS.8.1. Language. System and Structure of Language.8.1. Demonstrate command of the system and structure of the English language when writing or speaking.

- A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.
- B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
- C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
- D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.
- E. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
- F. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
- G. Recognize spelling conventions.

L.KL.8.2. Language. Knowledge of Language.8.2. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

- A. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
- B. Gather vocabulary knowledge when selecting a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
- C. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).

L.VL.8.3. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Literal Meaning.6.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- B. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.
- C. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
- D. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
- E. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

L.VI.8.4. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Interpretative Meaning.8.4. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

- A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.
- B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
- C. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts
- D. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).

Reading Domain

RL.CR.8.1. Reading Literature. Close Reading of Text.8.1. Cite a range of textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections to strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

- RI.CR.8.1. Reading informational Texts.Close Reading of Text.8.1. Cite a range of textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections (including informational text features such as charts, graphs, and diagrams) that strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what an informational text says explicitly, as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- RL.CI.8.2. Reading Literature.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.8.2. Determine a theme of a literary text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
- RI.CI.8.2. Reading informational Texts.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.8.2. Determine a central idea of an informational text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
- RL.IT.8.3. Reading Literature.Interactions Among Text Elements.8.3. Analyze how particular elements of a text interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot, how ideas influence individuals or events, or how characters influence ideas or events) across multiple text types, including across literary and informational texts.
- RI.IT.8.3. Reading informational Texts.Interactions Among Text Elements.8.3.Analyze how particular elements of a text interact (e.g., how contexts influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events) across multiple text types, including across literary and informational texts.
- RL.TS.8.4. Reading Literature.Text Structure.8.4. Compare and contrast the structure of texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning, tone and style.
- RI.TS.8.4. Reading informational Texts.Text Structure.8.4. Analyze and explain how an author organizes, develops and presents ideas, establishes a point of view or builds supporting arguments through text structure.
- RL.PP.8.5. Reading Literature.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.8.5. Analyze how an author conveys or develops their perspective or purpose in a text through the use of different perspectives of the characters and that of the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony).
- RI.PP.8.5. Reading informational Texts.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.8.5. Analyze how an author conveys or develops their perspective or purpose in a text and by acknowledging and responding to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
- RL.MF.8.6. Reading Literature. Diverse Media and Formats.8.6. Evaluate the choices made (by the authors, directors or actors) when presenting an idea in different mediums, including the representation/s or various perspectives of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), as well as what is emphasized or absent in each work.
- RI.MF.8.6. Reading informational Texts.Diverse Media and Formats.8.6. Evaluate the choices made (by the authors, directors, or actors) when presenting an idea in different mediums and the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) to address a question or solve a problem.
- RI.AA.8.7. Reading informational Texts.Analysis of an Argument.8.7. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- RL.CT.8.8. Reading Literature.Comparison of Texts.8.8. Analyze and reflect on how the author's idea in fiction and literary nonfiction texts (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) is shaped by the author's emphasis on different evidence, advancing different interpretations of facts, or fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period.

RI.CT.8.8. Reading informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.8.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) two or more informational texts that provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.

Writing Domain

W.AW.8.1. Writing.Argumentative Writing.8.1. Write arguments on discipline-specific content (e.g., social studies, science, technical subjects, English/Language Arts) to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.

- A. Introduce claim(s) about a topic or issue, acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- B. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using relevant, accurate data and evidence that demonstrate an understanding of the topic or text, using credible sources.
- C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- D. Establish and maintain a formal or academic style, approach, and form.
- E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

W.WP.8.4. Writing.Writing Process.8.4. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, sustaining effort to complete complex writing tasks; seeking out assistance, models, sources or feedback to improve understanding or refine final products; focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

W.WR.8.5. Writing.Writing Research.8.5. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

W.SE.8.6. Writing.Sources of Evidence.8.6. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

W.RW.8.7. Writing.Range of Writing.8.7. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self- correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.8.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.8.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
- C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
- D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.

SL.II.8.2. Speaking and Listening.Integrate Information.8.2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.

- SL.ES.8.3. Speaking and Listening. Evaluate Speakers.8.3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- SL.PI.8.4. Speaking and Listening.Present Information.8.4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- SL.UM.8.5. Speaking and Listening. Use Media.8.5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
- SL.AS.8.6. Speaking and Listening.Adapt Speech.8.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Integration of Climate Change:

- RI.AA.8.7. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced. Climate Change Example: Students may evaluate claims and evidence of factors that have caused climate change over the past century.
- W.SE.8.6. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- Climate Change Example: Students may gather relevant, credible evidence to construct an argument related to increases in human population and per-capita consumption of scarce natural resources, caused by climate change, and their impact on Earth's systems.
- SL.II.8.2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation. Climate Change Example: Students may analyze an argument on climate change (documentary, advertisement, speech, etc.), taking into account the source of the argument, its credibility, and the motives behind its presentation.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills			
Standard	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas	
9.4.8.GCA.1: (e.g., 1.5.8.C1a).	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect	Awareness of and appreciation for cultural	
9.4.8.GCA.2	Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a group goal.	differences is critical to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction.	
9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for information.	Increases in the quantity of information available through	
9.4.8.IML.2	Identify specific examples of distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation of information.	electronic means have heightened the need to check sources for possible distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation.	
9.4.8.IML.3	Create a digital visualization that effectively communicates a data set using formatting techniques such as form, position, size, color, movement, and spatial grouping (e.g., 6.SP.B.4, 7.SP.B.8b).	Digital tools make it possible to analyze and interpret data, including text, images, and sound. These tools allow for broad concepts and data to be	

9.4.8.IML.8	Apply deliberate and thoughtful	search strategies to access	more effectively communicated. Sources of information are
	Apply deliberate and thoughtful search strategies to access high-quality information on climate change (e.g., 1.1.8.C1b).		evaluated for accuracy and relevance when considering the use of information.
9.4.8.IML.12	Use relevant tools to produce, publish, and deliver information supported with evidence for an authentic audience.		There is a need to produce and publish media that has information supported with quality evidence and is intended for authentic audiences.
9.4.8.TL.1	Construct a spreadsheet in order to analyze multiple data sets, identify relationships, and facilitate data-based decision-making.		Some digital tools are appropriate for gathering, organizing, analyzing, and presenting information, while other types of digital tools are appropriate for creating text, visualizations, models, and communicating with others.
	uring Understanding: e human experience is marked	Essential/Guiding Question: What does our response to co	
examining the live World War II, we go conflict on identity, responsibility. Throaccounts, and hist that individual actionshape our underst importance of emportance of emportance wartime, encourage courage, endurance	nd hardship and injustice. By s of young people affected by pain insight into the impact of relationships, and moral ough literature, personal orical perspectives, we learn ons, both large and small, anding of humanity and the pathy in even the darkest times. The complex realities of ging students to reflect on the ce, and ethical decisions that nd our lives today.		
Content: World War II Background Knowledge Small Miracles (Full text)		words/phrases in text.	connotative meanings of
The Boy in the Striped Pajamas: A Fable (Film study)		examples in the text. Determine central idea analysis for supporting	a
The Diary of Anne Frank: A Play (Full text)		 author's point of view 	
•		 advantages and disad 	vantages of different mediums task, purpose and audience
I Am Still Here vid		 advantages and disad 	vantages of different mediums task, purpose and audience

Confessions of a Nazi Youth-Video

Interdisciplinary Connections:

In this unit, students explore the historical context of World War II, including the rise of fascism, the Holocaust, and the global impact of the war on nations and civilians. Students analyze the geographical spread of conflict, the effects on various countries, and the formation of alliances, as well as study the Holocaust to better understand the persecution of marginalized groups.

Student will investigate the roles of youth in Nazi Germany, as seen in *Hitler Youth: Growing Up in Hitler's Shadow*, and connect these to the challenges faced by young people today in terms of identity, propaganda, and social pressure.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence

CFAs

Performance Task(s): Other Evidence:

Extended Writing Project: Writing

Informative/Explanatory (LAT): Hitler Youth Essay

End of Unit Assessment

Stage 3: Learning Plan

Learning Opportunities/Strategies:

Do Now Cold Call Turn-and-Talk Think-Pair-Share Jigsaw

Corners
Gallery Walk
Text Annotation
Group Discussions
Conferencing
Socratic Seminar

Think Alouds

Small Group Instruction

Accountable Talk

Close Read Modeling

Student Goal Setting

Exit Ticket

Resources:

StudySync Pear Assessment IXL

LGBT and Disabilities Resources:

- LGBTQ-Inclusive Lesson & Resources by Garden
 State Equality and Make it Better for Youth
- LGBTQ+ Books

DEI Resources:

- Learning for Justice
- GLSEN Educator Resources
- Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List
- Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities
- NJDOE Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources
- Diversity Calendar

<u>Differentiation</u> *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
IXL Small Group Instruction	IXL Small Group Instruction	IXL Small Group Instruction	Any student requiring further accommodations and/or modifications will have them individually listed in their 504
	Stations	Stations	Plan or IEP. These might

Stations			include, but are not limited to:
	Student Choice	Student Choice	breaking assignments into
Student Choice			smaller tasks, giving directions
		Graphic Organizers	through several channels
		0	(auditory, visual, kinesthetic,
		Sentence Frames	model), and/or small group
		Fill-in the Blank	instruction for reading/writing
		Fill-in the Blank	
			ELL supports should include,
			but are not limited to, the
			following:
			Extended time
			Provide visual aids
			Repeated directions
			Differentiate based on
			proficiency
			Provide word banks
			Allow for translators,
			dictionaries

Unit 3: Moral Compass

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

Language Domain

L.SS.8.1. Language. System and Structure of Language.8.1. Demonstrate command of the system and structure of the English language when writing or speaking.

- A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
- B. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
- C. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood
- D. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
- E. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
- F. Recognize spelling conventions.
- L.KL.8.2. Language. Knowledge of Language.8.2. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - A. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
 - B. Gather vocabulary knowledge when selecting a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
 - C. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).
- L.VL.8.3. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Literal Meaning.6.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - B. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.

- C. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
- D. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
- E. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- L.VI.8.4. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Interpretative Meaning.8.4. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
 - A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.
 - B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
 - C. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
 - D. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).

Reading Domain

- RL.CR.8.1. Reading Literature. Close Reading of Text.8.1. Cite a range of textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections to strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- RL.CI.8.2. Reading Literature. Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.8.2. Determine a theme of a literary text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
- RL.IT.8.3. Reading Literature.Interactions Among Text Elements.8.3. Analyze how particular elements of a text interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot, how ideas influence individuals or events, or how characters influence ideas or events) across multiple text types, including across literary and informational texts.
- RL.TS.8.4. Reading Literature.Text Structure.8.4. Compare and contrast the structure of texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning, tone and style.
- RL.PP.8.5. Reading Literature.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.8.5. Analyze how an author conveys or develops their perspective or purpose in a text through the use of different perspectives of the characters and that of the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony).
- RL.MF.8.6. Reading Literature. Diverse Media and Formats.8.6. Evaluate the choices made (by the authors, directors or actors) when presenting an idea in different mediums, including the representation/s or various perspectives of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), as well as what is emphasized or absent in each work.
- RL.CT.8.8. Reading Literature.Comparison of Texts.8.8. Analyze and reflect on how the author's idea in fiction and literary nonfiction texts (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) is shaped by the author's emphasis on different evidence, advancing different interpretations of facts, or fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period.

Writing Domain

- W.IW.8.2. Writing.Informative and Explanatory Writing.8.2. Write informative/explanatory texts (including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes) to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - A. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aid in comprehension.

- B. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- C. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- D. Use precise language and domain/grade-level- specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- E. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.
- F. Provide a concluding statement or section (e.g., sentence, part of a paragraph, paragraph, or multiple paragraphs) that synthesizes the information or explanation presented.

W.WP.8.4. Writing Process.8.4. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, sustaining effort to complete complex writing tasks; seeking out assistance, models, sources or feedback to improve understanding or refine final products; focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.8.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.8.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
- C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
- D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.

SL.II.8.2. Speaking and Listening.Integrate Information.8.2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.

SL.ES.8.3. Speaking and Listening. Evaluate Speakers.8.3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

SL.PI.8.4. Speaking and Listening.Present Information.8.4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

SL.UM.8.5. Speaking and Listening. Use Media.8.5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

SL.AS.8.6. Speaking and Listening.Adapt Speech.8.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Integration of Climate Change:

SL.II.8.2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation. Climate Change Example: Students may analyze an argument on climate change (documentary, advertisement, speech, etc.), taking into account the source of the argument, its credibility, and the motives behind its presentation.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills			
Standard	Performance	Expectations	Core Ideas
9.4.8.GCA.1: (e.g., 1.5.8.C1a).	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect		Awareness of and appreciation for cultural differences is
9.4.8.GCA.2	Demonstrate openness to div through active discussions to		critical to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction.
9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources to assess the credibility of sources when searching for information.		Increases in the quantity of information available through electronic means have
9.4.8.IML.2	Identify specific examples of distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation of information.		heightened the need to check sources for possible distortion, exaggeration, or misrepresentation.
9.4.8.IML.3	Create a digital visualization that effectively communicates a data set using formatting techniques such as form, position, size, color, movement, and spatial grouping (e.g., 6.SP.B.4, 7.SP.B.8b).		Digital tools make it possible to analyze and interpret data, including text, images, and sound. These tools allow for broad concepts and data to be more effectively communicated.
9.4.8.IML.8	Apply deliberate and thoughtful search strategies to access high-quality information on climate change (e.g., 1.1.8.C1b).		Sources of information are evaluated for accuracy and relevance when considering the use of information.
9.4.8.IML.12	Use relevant tools to produce, publish, and deliver information supported with evidence for an authentic audience.		There is a need to produce and publish media that has information supported with quality evidence and is intended for authentic audiences.
9.4.8.TL.1	Construct a spreadsheet in order to analyze multiple data sets, identify relationships, and facilitate data-based decision-making.		Some digital tools are appropriate for gathering, organizing, analyzing, and presenting information, while other types of digital tools are appropriate for creating text, visualizations, models, and communicating with others.
Central Idea/Enduri	ng Understanding:	Essential/Guiding Questio	
	s shaped by personal	How can life experiences sh	
our moral compass I		'	•
experiences, family,	aria baitare, galaring abte make		
experiences, family, a	ur values and resilience.		
experiences, family, a choices that reflect o Through literature an	ur values and resilience. Id poetry, we explore the		
experiences, family, a choices that reflect o Through literature an journey of understand	ur values and resilience. Id poetry, we explore the ding right from wrong,		
experiences, family, a choices that reflect o Through literature an journey of understand overcoming challeng	ur values and resilience. Id poetry, we explore the ding right from wrong, es, and the power of role		
experiences, family, a choices that reflect o Through literature an journey of understand overcoming challeng models in shaping wh	ur values and resilience. Id poetry, we explore the ding right from wrong, es, and the power of role ho we are. By examining		
experiences, family, a choices that reflect o Through literature an journey of understand overcoming challeng models in shaping what characters' decisions	ur values and resilience. Index poetry, we explore the ding right from wrong, es, and the power of role ho we are. By examining and reflecting on our own		
experiences, family, a choices that reflect o Through literature an journey of understand overcoming challeng models in shaping which characters' decisions lives, we come to see	ur values and resilience. Id poetry, we explore the ding right from wrong, es, and the power of role ho we are. By examining		

that our moral values not only define us but also connect us to the people and communities we hold	
dear. Content: Abuela Invents the Zero by Judith Ortiz/Narrative Writing Task (complete the story) A Celebration of Grandfathers Born Worker by Gary Soto I am From poem/Writing Poem Mother to Son by Langston Hughes Dance Momma Dance by Daniel Beatty	Skills(Objectives): Analyze how a text makes connections with ideas, individuals, and events analyze and reflect on allusions in texts write a literary analysis draw evidence from literary or information texts to support analysis, reflection, and research
Knock Knock by Daniel Beatty The Rose That Grew from Concrete by Tupac Shakur Long Way Down by Jason Reynolds	
Interdisciplinary Connections:	

Interdisciplinary Connections:

Students will explore cultural backgrounds and generational values presented in *Abuela Invents the Zero* and *A Celebration of Grandfathers* to discuss the role of family heritage and respect in shaping one's identity and moral beliefs.

We will introduce ethical discussions around responsibility, perseverance, and family expectations, as seen in *Born Worker* and *Long Way Down*. Students will be encouraged to examine how cultural values and social expectations influence decision-making and moral perspectives.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence		
Performance Task(s):	Other Evidence:	
Literary Analysis Task End of Unit Assessment	CFAs	
Stage 3	3: Learning Plan	
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:	
Do Now		
Cold Call	<u>StudySync</u>	
Turn-and-Talk	<u>Pear Assessment</u>	
Think-Pair-Share	<u>IXL</u>	
Jigsaw		
Corners	LGBT and Disabilities Resources:	
Gallery Walk	 LGBTQ-Inclusive Lesson & Resources by Garden 	
Text Annotation	State Equality and Make it Better for Youth	
Group Discussions	LGBTQ+ Books	
Conferencing		
Socratic Seminar	DEI Resources:	
Think Alouds	 <u>Learning for Justice</u> 	
Small Group Instruction	GLSEN Educator Resources	
Accountable Talk	 Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List 	
Close Read		

Modeling Student Goal Setting Exit Ticket	 Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities NJDOE Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational
	Resources Diversity Calendar

<u>Differentiation</u> *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
IXL	IXL	IXL	Any student requiring further accommodations and/or
Small Group Instruction	Small Group Instruction	Small Group Instruction	modifications will have them individually listed in their 504
Stations	Stations	Stations	Plan or IEP. These might include, but are not limited to:
Student Choice	Student Choice	Student Choice	breaking assignments into smaller tasks, giving directions
		Graphic Organizers	through several channels (auditory, visual, kinesthetic,
		Sentence Frames	model), and/or small group instruction for reading/writing
		Fill-in the Blank	
			ELL supports should include, but are not limited to, the
			following:
			Extended time
			Provide visual aids
			Repeated directions
			Differentiate based on
			proficiency Provide word banks
			Allow for translators,
			dictionaries

Unit 4: Research

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

Language Domain

L.SS.8.1. Language. System and Structure of Language.8.1. Demonstrate command of the system and structure of the English language when writing or speaking.

- A. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.
- B. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
- C. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
- D. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.
- E. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
- F. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
- G. Recognize spelling conventions.

- L.KL.8.2. Language. Knowledge of Language.8.2. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - A. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases.
 - B. Gather vocabulary knowledge when selecting a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
 - C. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).
- L.VL.8.3. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Literal Meaning.6.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - B. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.
 - C. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
 - D. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
 - E. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- L.VI.8.4. Language. Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Interpretative Meaning.8.4. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
 - A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., verbal irony, puns) in context.
 - B. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
 - C. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
 - D. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).

Reading Domain

- RL.CR.8.1. Reading Literature. Close Reading of Text.8.1. Cite a range of textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections to strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- RI.CR.8.1. Reading informational Texts.Close Reading of Text.8.1. Cite a range of textual evidence and make clear and relevant connections (including informational text features such as charts, graphs, and diagrams) that strongly support an analysis of multiple aspects of what an informational text says explicitly, as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- RL.CI.8.2. Reading Literature.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.8.2. Determine a theme of a literary text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
- RI.CI.8.2. Reading informational Texts.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.8.2. Determine a central idea of an informational text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
- RL.IT.8.3. Reading Literature.Interactions Among Text Elements.8.3. Analyze how particular elements of a text interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot, how ideas influence individuals or events, or how characters influence ideas or events) across multiple text types, including across literary and informational texts.

- RI.IT.8.3. Reading informational Texts.Interactions Among Text Elements.8.3.Analyze how particular elements of a text interact (e.g., how contexts influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events) across multiple text types, including across literary and informational texts.
- RL.TS.8.4. Reading Literature. Text Structure. 8.4. Compare and contrast the structure of texts, analyzing how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning, tone and style.
- RI.TS.8.4. Reading informational Texts.Text Structure.8.4. Analyze and explain how an author organizes, develops and presents ideas, establishes a point of view or builds supporting arguments through text structure.
- RL.PP.8.5. Reading Literature.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.8.5. Analyze how an author conveys or develops their perspective or purpose in a text through the use of different perspectives of the characters and that of the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony).
- RI.PP.8.5. Reading informational Texts.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.8.5. Analyze how an author conveys or develops their perspective or purpose in a text and by acknowledging and responding to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
- RL.MF.8.6. Reading Literature. Diverse Media and Formats.8.6. Evaluate the choices made (by the authors, directors or actors) when presenting an idea in different mediums, including the representation/s or various perspectives of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), as well as what is emphasized or absent in each work.
- RI.MF.8.6. Reading informational Texts.Diverse Media and Formats.8.6. Evaluate the choices made (by the authors, directors, or actors) when presenting an idea in different mediums and the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) to address a question or solve a problem.
- RI.AA.8.7. Reading informational Texts.Analysis of an Argument.8.7. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- RL.CT.8.8. Reading Literature.Comparison of Texts.8.8. Analyze and reflect on how the author's idea in fiction and literary nonfiction texts (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) is shaped by the author's emphasis on different evidence, advancing different interpretations of facts, or fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period.
- RI.CT.8.8. Reading informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.8.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) two or more informational texts that provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.

Writing Domain

- W.WP.8.4. Writing Process.8.4. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, sustaining effort to complete complex writing tasks; seeking out assistance, models, sources or feedback to improve understanding or refine final products; focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
- W.WR.8.5. Writing.Writing Research.8.5. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

W.SE.8.6. Writing.Sources of Evidence.8.6. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

W.RW.8.7. Writing.Range of Writing.8.7. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self- correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.8.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.8.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- B. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
- C. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
- D. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.

SL.PI.8.4. Speaking and Listening.Present Information.8.4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

SL.UM.8.5. Speaking and Listening. Use Media.8.5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

SL.AS.8.6. Speaking and Listening.Adapt Speech.8.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Integration of Climate Change:

RI.AA.8.7. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

Climate Change Example: Students may evaluate claims and evidence of factors that have caused climate change over the past century.

W.SE.8.6. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

Climate Change Example: Students may gather relevant, credible evidence to construct an argument related to increases in human population and per-capita consumption of scarce natural resources, caused by climate change, and their impact on Earth's systems.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills		
Standard	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas
9.4.8.GCA.1: (e.g., 1.5.8.C1a).	Model how to navigate cultural differences with sensitivity and respect	Awareness of and appreciation for cultural differences is critical to avoid barriers to productive

9.4.8.GCA.2	Demonstrate openness to diverse	ideas and	and positive interaction.
9.4.0.GCA.2	Demonstrate openness to diverse ideas and perspectives through active discussions to achieve a		and positive interaction.
	group goal.	ociono to domovo d	
9.4.8.IML.1	Critically curate multiple resources	Increases in the quantity of	
	credibility of sources when searching for information.		information available through
	3		electronic means have
9.4.8.IML.2	Identify specific examples of disto	rtion, exaggeration, or	heightened the need to check
	misrepresentation of information.		sources for possible distortion,
			exaggeration, or
0.4.0.1841.0		cc (: 1	misrepresentation.
9.4.8.IML.3	Create a digital visualization that e		Digital tools make it possible to
	communicates a data set using fo such as form, position, size, color,		analyze and interpret data, including text, images, and
	grouping (e.g., 6.SP.B.4, 7.SP.B.8	-	sound. These tools allow for
		ю).	broad concepts and data to be
			more effectively communicated.
9.4.8.IML.8	Apply deliberate and thoughtful se	earch strategies to	Sources of information are
	access high-quality information or		evaluated for accuracy and
	1.1.8.C1b).		relevance when considering the
			use of information.
9.4.8.IML.12	Use relevant tools to produce, pul		There is a need to produce and
	information supported with eviden	ice for an authentic	publish media that has
	audience.		information supported with
			quality evidence and is intended
9.4.8.TL.1	Construct a approach part in order	to analyza multiple	for authentic audiences.
9.4.0.1L.1	Construct a spreadsheet in order data sets, identify relationships, a		Some digital tools are appropriate for gathering,
	decision-making.	ilu lacilitate data-based	organizing, analyzing, and
	docion making.		presenting information, while
			other types of digital tools are
			appropriate for creating text,
			visualizations, models, and
			communicating with others.
	ing Understanding:	Essential/Guiding Que	
•	rful tool for discovering information,	How can research help us better understand the world,	
	s, and sharing knowledge with	and what skills do we need to effectively communicate	
others. Through the research process, we learn to ask		our ideas to others?	
meaningful questions, evaluate sources, and communicate our findings clearly and confidently. In			
this unit, students develop skills in critical thinking,			
organization, and presentation, understanding that			
effective research involves not only gathering facts but			
also interpreting and sharing ideas in ways that inform			
and inspire others. By preparing for the NJSLA,			
practicing public speaking, and exploring texts like For			
Everyone, students gain the confidence and skills to			
convey their ideas with clarity, purpose, and impact.		Obilla (Obia ativa a)	
Content:		Skills(Objectives):	organized writing that offactively
NJSLA Prep			organized writing that effectively
		conveys ideas and information to a specific audience and purpose, using proper structure	
NJSLA Practice Tests		and style.	

Research Project

30 Second Speech

For Everyone by Jason Reynolds

- Develop and strengthen their writing through the revision process by receiving feedback, refining ideas, and clarifying structure to enhance their final work.
- Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, edit, and publish writing that effectively communicates ideas, ensuring correct citations and source integration.
- Conduct research using various credible sources, synthesizing information to address a specific question or topic, and presenting findings in an organized, clear manner.
- Actively engage in collaborative discussions, respecting diverse perspectives, and build on ideas expressed by others through questions, responses, and the sharing of insights.
- Evaluate and analyze a speaker's arguments, distinguishing between well-supported claims and those lacking evidence, and recognizing any instances of faulty reasoning.
- Present information, findings, and supporting evidence in a coherent and structured format, utilizing appropriate pacing, volume, and visuals to engage the audience effectively.

Interdisciplinary Connections:

Students will analyze surveys or research data, discussing how mathematical interpretation of data adds credibility to research and strengthens persuasive presentations.

Students will develop speaking and presentation skills by focusing on the structure and delivery of their "30 Second Speech." Students will practice verbal and nonverbal techniques to enhance clarity, engagement, and confidence in presenting information.

Students will strengthen their digital literacy by learning how to evaluate online sources for credibility and bias. Introduce search strategies for academic databases, websites, and digital libraries to locate reliable, diverse sources.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence

Performance Task(s): Other Evidence:

Research Project CFAs

Stage 3: Learning Plan

<u>Learning Opportunities/Strategies:</u>

Resources:

Do Now
Cold Call
Turn-and-Talk

Think-Pair-Share Jigsaw

Corners
Gallery Walk
Text Annotation
Group Discussions

End of Unit Assessment

StudySync
Pear Assessment

<u>IXL</u>

LGBT and Disabilities Resources:

LGBTQ-Inclusive Lesson & Resources by
Garden State Equality and Make it Better for
Youth

Conferencing LGBTQ+ Books Socratic Seminar Think Alouds **DEI Resources:** Small Group Instruction Learning for Justice Accountable Talk **GLSEN Educator Resources** Close Read Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Modeling Student Goal Setting **Opportunities** Exit Ticket NJDOE Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources **Diversity Calendar**

<u>Differentiation</u> *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
IXL	IXL	IXL	Any student requiring further accommodations and/or
Small Group Instruction	Small Group Instruction	Small Group Instruction	modifications will have them individually listed in their 504
	Stations		Plan or IEP. These might
Stations		Stations	include, but are not limited to:
	Student Choice		breaking assignments into
Student Choice		Student Choice	smaller tasks, giving directions through several channels
		Graphic Organizers	(auditory, visual, kinesthetic, model), and/or small group
		Sentence Frames	instruction for reading/writing
		Fill-in the Blank	ELL supports should include, but are not limited to, the following: Extended time Provide visual aids
			Repeated directions
			Differentiate based on
			proficiency
			Provide word banks
			Allow for translators, dictionaries

Pacing Guide

Content	Resources	Standards	
UNIT 1: Suspense (45 Days) <u>Unit 1 Suspense</u>			
Relationships, Routines, and Procedures IXL Initial Diagnostic	(5 days) <u>IXL</u> (1 day)	L.SS.8.1.A.B.C.D.E.F.G. L.KL.8.2.A.B.C. L.VL.8.3.A.B.C.D.E. L.VI.8.4.A.B.C.	
Reading Assessment	Fall MAP (2 day)	RL.CR.8.1. RL.CI.8.2. RL.IT.8.3.	

		T	1
Readin	g Literature	Rain, Rain Go Away by Isaac Asimov (4	RL.TS.8.4.
•	Annotating	Days)	RL.PP.8.5.
•	Dialogue		RL.MF.8.6.
•	Conflict		RL.CT.8.8.
•	Sensory Details		W.NW.8.3.
•	Foreshadowing		W.WP.8.4.
•	Inferences		SL.PE.8.1.A.B.C.D.
•	Plot structure		SL.II.8.2.
			SL.ES.8.3.
ICE		ICE (1 Day)	SL.PI.8.4.
			SL.UM.8.5.
Narrati	ve Writing	Create your own alien-descriptive writing	SL.AS.8.6.
•	(sentence structure)	(3 days)	
•	Descriptive details		
•	Sensory language		
•	dialogue		
•	narrator		
•	event sequence		
	·		
CFA		Pear Assessment CFA (0.5 day)	
Readin	g Literature	StudySync: The Monkey's Paw by W.W.	
•	Theme	Jacobs	
	Story Elements	<u>Button Button</u> by Richard Matheson	
	etery Elemente	(5 days)	
		(c days)	
Resear	rch	Poe (2 day)	
Readin	g Literature	StudySync: "Tell-Tale Heart" by Edgar	
·	Point of View	Allan Poe	
	Textual Evidence	SpongeBob Squeaky Boots (4 days)	
	Inferences	Opongebob oqueaky boots (4 days)	
	How text evidence reveals		
	aspects of the narrator's		
	character and actions		
	Types of Narrators		
•	Types of Mariators		
CFA		Pear Assessment CFA (0.5 day)	
Readin	g Literature	"The Raven" by Edgar Allan Poe	
•	Point of View	The Simpsons The Raven	
	Textual Evidence	(2 days)	
	Inferences	(_ 44,0)	
	How text evidence reveals	The Woman in the Snow by Patricia	
	aspects of the narrator's	McKissack	
	character and actions	The Girl in the Lavender Dress (3 days)	
		, , ,	
Writing	Process/Narrative Writing	Suspense Story (10 days)	
•	dialogue		
•	context		
•	point of view		
•	narrator		

event sequencedialogue, pacing, description, reflections		
develop experiences, events and characterstransition words, phrases, and		
clauses precise words and phrases relevant descriptive details sensory language conclusion		
End of Unit Assessment (Narrative Writing Task)	Pear Assessment (2 days)	
UNIT 2: In Time of War (45 Days)		
IXL Snapshot	<u>IXL</u> (0.5 day)	L.SS.8.1.A.B.C.D.E.F.G. L.KL.8.2.A.B.C.
Reading Informational Text Speaking and Listening	World War II Background Knowledge (7.5 days) I Am Still Here Video I'm Still Here Doc (1 day)	L.VL.8.3.A.B.C.D.E. L.VI.8.4.A.B.C. RL.CR.8.1. RI.CR.8.1. RL.CI.8.2. RI.CI.8.2.
Reading Literature	Small Miracles (Full text) or Boy in the Striped Pajamas (Full text) (11 days)	RL.IT.8.3. RI.IT.8.3. RL.TS.8.4.
Reading Literature	StudySync: The Boy in the Striped Pajamas: A Fable (2 days)	RI.TS.8.4. RL.PP.8.5. RI.PP.8.5. RL.MF.8.6. RI.MF.8.6.
CFA	Pear Assessment CFA (0.5 day)	RI.AA.8.7. RL.CT.8.8.
Reading Informational Text Informational Text Elements Reasons and Evidence Central Ideas	StudySync: Hitler Youth: Growing up in Hitler's Shadow (1 day)	RI.CT.8.8. W.AW.8.1.A.B.C.D.E. W.WP.8.4. W.WR.8.5. W.SE.8.6.
Reading Informational Text	StudySync: Parallel Journeys (1 day)	W.RW.8.7. SL.PE.8.1.A.B.C.D. SL.II.8.2. SL.ES.8.3. SL.PI.8.4. SL.UM.8.5.
Argumentative Writing (RST) Introduce claims organize reason and evidence support claims create cohesion and clarify the relationships between claim(s), counterclaims, reasons and	Extended Writing Project (Argumentative/RST): (7 days) Confessions of a Nazi Youth-Video (2 days)	SL.AS.8.6.

evidence Formal/academic style Concluding statement or section Documentary Evidence and claims Point of view Propaganda Reading Assessment Winter MAP (2 day) CFA Pear Assessment CFA (0.5 day) Informative/Explanatory Pear Assessment (2 days) Writing/Research Simulation Task (RST) **UNIT 3: Moral Compass (45 Days)** IXL Snapshot IXL (0.5 day) L.SS.8.1.A.B.C.D.E.F.G. L.KL.8.2.A.B.C. StudySync: Abuela Invents the Zero by Reading Literature/Writing Narrative L.VL.8.3.A.B.C.D.E. Theme Judith Ortiz/Narrative Writing Task L.VI.8.4.A.B.C. Character RL.CR.8.1. (complete the story)(3 days) RL.CI.8.2. StudySync: Essay: A Celebration of RL.IT.8.3. Reading Literature Central or main idea Grandfathers (2 days) RL.TS.8.4. RL.PP.8.5. CFA Pear AssessmentCFA (0.5 day) RL.MF.8.6. RL.CT.8.8. W.IW.8.2.A.B.C.D.E.F. Reading Literature StudySync: Born Worker by Gary Soto (2) Story structure days) W.WP.8.4. Allusion SL.PE.8.1.A.B.C.D. SL.II.8.2. SL.ES.8.3. Writing I am From poem/Writing Poem (3 days) SL.PI.8.4. Reading Literature StudySync: Mother to Son by Langston SL.UM.8.5. Tone Hughes SL.AS.8.6. Word choice Dance Momma Dance by Daniel Beatty Knock Knock by Daniel Beatty Figurative Language The Rose That Grew from Concrete by Tupac Shakur (4 days) Long Way Down by Jason Reynolds (15 Reading Literature days) MAP Reading Assessment MAP Reading Assessment (2 days) **CFA** Pear Assessment CFA (0.5 day) Writing Informative/Explanatory Extended Writing Project (LAT) (10 days) Literary Analysis Task (LAT) Introduce a topic

 Organize ideas, concepts, and information using text structures and features Develop a topic Transitions Formal/academic style Concluding statement or section 		
End of Unit Assessment/Literary Analysis Task (LAT)	Pear Assessment (2 days)	
UNIT 4: Research (45 days)		
NJSLA Prep	NJSLA Prep NJSLA Practice Tests (5 days)	L.SS.8.1.A.B.C.D.E.F.G. L.KL.8.2.A.B.C. L.VL.8.3.A.B.C.D.E.
NJSLA for ELA	NJSLA for ELA (2 days)	L.VI.8.4.A.B.C. RL.CR.8.1.
IXL Snapshot	IXL Snapshot (1 day)	RI.CR.8.1. RL.CI.8.2.
Reading • Summary	Biography- Independent Reading	RI.CI.8.2. RL.IT.8.3. RI.IT.8.3.
Research Writing/Writing Process/Writing Sources	Career-based research paper project (29 days)	RL.TS.8.4. RI.TS.8.4. RL.PP.8.5. RI.PP.8.5. RL.MF.8.6. RI.MF.8.6. RI.AA.8.7. RL.CT.8.8.
Speaking and Listening	Project Presentation 30 Second Speech (3 days)	W.WP.8.4. W.WR.8.5. W.SE.8.6. W.RW.8.7. SL.PE.8.1
End of Unit Assessment	Pear Assessment (2 days)	SL.UM.8.5 SL.AS.8.6
Reading Literature	For Every One by Jason Reynolds (3 days)	