Unit 1 - Identity

### **Stage 1: Desired Results**

Standards & Indicators:

Reading Domain

RL.CR.11–12.1. Reading Literature.Close Reading of Text.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text; this may include determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RI.CR.11–12.1. Reading Informational Texts.Close Reading of Text.11-12.1. Accurately cite a range of thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what an informational text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text.

RL.Cl.11–12.2. Reading Literature.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes of a literary text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RI.CI.11–12.2. Reading Informational Texts.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of an informational text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of a text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL.PP.11–12.5. Reading Literature.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.11-12.5. Evaluate perspectives/lenses from two or more texts on related topics and justify the more cogent viewpoint (e.g., different accounts of the same event or issue, use of different media or formats).

RL.MF.11–12.6. Reading Literature.Diverse Media and Formats.9–10.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the author's message).

RI.MF.11–12.6. Reading Informational Texts.Diverse Media and Formats.11-12.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the concept).

RI.CT.11–12.8. Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.

#### Writing Domain

W.AW.11–12.1. Writing. Argumentative Writing.11-12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

- B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- C. Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
- D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.IW.11–12.2. Writing.Informative and Explanatory Writing.11-12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts (including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes) to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

- A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
- E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.NW.11–12.3. Writing.Narrative Writing.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

#### Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.11–12.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.11-12.1.Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

- A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
- B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.
- C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
- D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

SL.UM.11–12.5. Speaking and Listening.Use Media.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

#### Integration of Climate Change:

**RI.CT.11–12.8.** Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.

W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

SL.UM.11–12.5. Speaking and Listening.Use Media.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills			
Standard	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas	
9.1.12.CFR.1	Compare and contrast the role of philanthropy, volunteer service, and charities in community development and quality of life in a variety of cultures.	Philanthropic, charitable, and entrepreneurial organizations play distinctly different but vitally important roles in	

9.1.12.CFR.2	Summarize causes importa organizations you seek to s	supporting the interests of local and global communities.	
9.1.12.FP.6	organizations with similar missions. Evaluate the relationship of familial patterns, cultural traditions, and historical influences on financial practice.		Biological behavioral biases, psychology, and unconscious beliefs affect financial decision-making.
9.2.12.CAP.13	Analyze how the economic, conditions of a time period of		An individual's income and benefit needs and financial plan can change over time.
9.4.12.Cl.1	Demonstrate the ability to re creative skills and ideas (e.		With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success.
9.4.12.CI.2		at highlight personal talents, .12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).	Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities.
9.4.12.CI.3	Investigate new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement, and transition (e.g., 2.1.12.PGD.1).		Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities.
9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a).		Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
Central Idea/Enduring Un	derstanding:	Essential/Guiding Question	<u>n</u> :
Our identities are shaped by the world around us and how we experience the world.		How do our various group identities shape us as individuals?	
History and culture play a large part in identity formation.		What part do culture and his individual and collective iden	tory play in the formation of our tities?
Intersections of race, ethnicity, class, gender, sexuality, and ability shape our perspectives and experiences as well as our sense of identity.		How do our intersecting iden and the way we experience t	tities shape our perspectives he world?
		What is the difference betwe superior?	en feeling proud and feeling
		How do we remain true to ou of different communities, cult	rrselves as we move in and out cures and contexts?
		What privilege do people have based on their identity?	
		How could one person's ider rights?	ntity threaten another person's
Content:		<u>Skills(Objectives)</u> :	
Saffron Dreams (reading)		To define identity and its role	(s) in our lives.
Gawking, Gaping, Staring (reading)			

Gend-o-meter (video) Deaf Culture (reading)	To recognize and analyze the intersections of race, ethnicity, class, gender, sexuality, etc. that participate in the formation of identity.
	To recognize and analyze the relationship between identity and privilege.

#### **Interdisciplinary Connections:**

The content in this unit enhances students' understanding of how identity is connected to and shaped by history, ethnicity, socio-economic status, psychology, and access to technology.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence			
Performance Task(s): Unit I Assessment Unit I Essay/Project		Other Evidence: Reading Assignments Writing Assignments	
	Stage 3: L	earning Plan	
Learning Opportunities/St	rategies:	Resources:	
<b>Reading Assignments:</b> Students will read and discuss a variety of texts centered on the unit theme. Each reading will include class discussion and independent written work (e.g., personal response or open ended questions) to support students' understanding of the text.		*LGBT and Disabilities Law https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL19/6HTM Learning for Justice https://www.learningforjustice.org/	
<ul> <li>Writing Assignments: Students will have the opportunity to complete a variety of formal and informal writing assignments. Personal responses, journal entries, discussion boards responses, and analytical writing further students' understanding of and interaction with course texts and classroom discussions.</li> <li>Collaborative Discussion: Daily participation in class discussion with peers encourages students to engage with topics through the unit. Discussion also highlights multiple points of view. Discussions will include whole class, small group, and partner work (e.g., Think-Pair-Share, Turn and Talk, etc.).</li> </ul>		rting-lgbtqia-youth-resource-l	<u>ces/educator-resources</u> Resource List resources-for-educators/suppo
		Teaching Tolerance	/resources/education-resource
		Critical Media Project https://criticalmediaproject.or	<u>g/</u>
Differentiation *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation			
High-Achieving         On Grade Level         Struggling Students         Special Needs/ELL           Students         Students         Students         Students         Students			

Students	Stu	dents	5 5	•••••
High-achieving stud	lents Each unit fo	or this course Any stude	ent who is	Any student requiring further
will be encouraged	to contains a v	variety of texts struggling	; in the course will	accommodations and/or
extend their learnin	g (readings, v	ideos, etc.) be provid	ed with support to	modifications will have them

beyond classroom	that relate to the major	help them succeed.	individually listed in their 504
activities. Additional	themes within that unit.	Support can include but	Plan or IEP. These might
readings will be made	The instructional routines	are not limited to: breaking	include, but are not limited to:
available according to the	are developed around	down assignments and	breaking assignments into
students' unique interests.	these texts to support	readings into manageable	smaller tasks, giving
Alternate and/or modified	best practices in reading	pieces, providing notes,	directions through several
assignments, according to	instruction and aid	repeating/rephrasing	channels (auditory, visual,
the students' unique	students in meaning	directions, one-on-one	kinesthetic, model), and/or
interests, will be made	making, effective	instruction, and the use of	small group instruction for
available.	expression, language	audio/visual aids.	reading/writing
	development and the		
All students will be	acquisition of content	All students will be	ELL supports should include,
encouraged to take	knowledge and	encouraged to take	but are not limited to, the
advantage of tutoring	foundational skills.	advantage of tutoring	following:
and/or office hours when		and/or office hours when	Extended time
available.	All students will be	available.	Provide visual aids
	encouraged to take		Repeated directions
	advantage of tutoring		Differentiate based on
	and/or office hours when		proficiency
	available.		Provide word banks
			Allow for translators,
			dictionaries

#### Unit 2: Diversity

### **Stage 1: Desired Results**

#### Standards & Indicators:

#### **Reading Domain**

RL.CR.11–12.1. Reading Literature.Close Reading of Text.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text; this may include determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

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RL.MF.11–12.6. Reading Literature.Diverse Media and Formats.9–10.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the author's message).

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RI.CT.11–12.8. Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.

Writing Domain

W.AW.11–12.1. Writing. Argumentative Writing.11-12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

- F. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- G. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- H. Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
- I. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- J. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

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- G. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- H. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- I. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- J. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

- K. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
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W.NW.11–12.3. Writing.Narrative Writing.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- F. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- G. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- H. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- I. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- J. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

#### Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.11–12.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.11-12.1.Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

- E. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
- F. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.
- G. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
- H. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

SL.UM.11–12.5. Speaking and Listening.Use Media.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

#### Integration of Climate Change:

RI.CT.11–12.8. Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.

W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

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	Career Readiness, Lit	fe Literacies and Key Skills	
Standard	Performance Expectations		Core Ideas
9.1.12.CFR.1	Compare and contrast the role of philanthropy, volunteer service, and charities in community development and quality of life in a variety of cultures.		Philanthropic, charitable, and entrepreneurial organizations play distinctly different but
9.1.12.CFR.2	Summarize causes important to you and compare organizations you seek to support to other organizations with similar missions.		vitally important roles in supporting the interests of local and global communities.
9.1.12.FP.6	Evaluate the relationship of familial patterns, cultural traditions, and historical influences on financial practice.		Biological behavioral biases, psychology, and unconscious beliefs affect financial decision-making.
9.2.12.CAP.13	Analyze how the economic, social, and political conditions of a time period can affect the labor market.		An individual's income and benefit needs and financial plan can change over time.
9.4.12.Cl.1	Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a).		With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success.
9.4.12.Cl.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).		Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities.
Central Idea/Enduring Un	derstanding:	Essential/Guiding Question	<u>n</u> :
Diversity enriches and strengthens communities in multiple ways.		How do our similarities and o relationships we have with pe own identity groups?	
Both commonalities and differences need to be recognized among members of a community and between different communities.		What do we gain when we le of other people?	arn about the lived experiences
Connecting with people who are different from us builds meaningful relationships between individuals and throughout a community.		What are the challenges of c common while also honoring	
		How do we connect in mean are different from us?	ingful ways with people who

	What is the relationship between diversity and inequality?
	How are rights understood and valued differently across cultures?
	Why do some people choose to avoid those who are different? Why do others seek diversity?
	How do different people or groups represent and express their power?
	What does it mean to say that there is strength in diversity?
Content:	Skills(Objectives):
White Privilege: Unpacking the Invisible Knapsack (reading)	To examine the relationship between diversity and inequality.
Majority Rule (reading)	To define and recognize the concept of privilege in our world
Covering (reading)	and how it is related to diversity.
( <u>A)wake</u> (poem)	To identify and examine the richness and strength that diversity brings to our own communities.
Interdisciplinary Connections:	
The content in this unit enhances students' understand ethnicity, socio-economic status, psychology, and acce	ling of how diversity is connected to and shaped by history, ss to technology.

# Stage 2: Assessment Evidence

Performance Task(s):	Other Evidence:
Unit II Essay/Project	Reading Assignments Writing Assignments
	Whiting Assignments
Ctore 2:	
Stage 3: I	_earning Plan
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:
Reading Assignments: Students will read and	*LGBT and Disabilities Law
discuss a variety of texts centered on the unit theme.	https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL19/6HTM
Each reading will include class discussion and	
independent written work (e.g., personal response or	Learning for Justice
open ended questions) to support students'	https://www.learningforjustice.org/
understanding of the text.	
	GLSEN Educator Resources
Writing Assignments: Students will have the	https://www.glsen.org/resources/educator-resources
opportunity to complete a variety of formal and	
informal writing assignments. Personal responses,	Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List
journal entries, discussion boards responses, and	https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-for-educators/suppor
analytical writing further students' understanding of	ting-lgbtgia-youth-resource-list
and interaction with course texts and classroom	
discussions.	Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities
informal writing assignments. Personal responses, journal entries, discussion boards responses, and analytical writing further students' understanding of and interaction with course texts and classroom	https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-for-educators/suppor ting-lgbtqia-youth-resource-list

<b>Collaborative Discussion:</b> Daily participation in class discussion with peers encourages students to engage with topics through the unit. Discussion also highlights multiple points of view. Discussions will include the whole class, small group, and partner work (e.g., Think-Pair-Share, Turn and Talk, etc.).	Teaching Tolerance <u>https://www.respectability.org/resources/education-resource</u> <u>s-disability-issues/</u> Anti-Defamation League (ADL): Fighting Hate for Good <u>https://adl.org</u> Critical Media Project
	Critical Media Project https://criticalmediaproject.org/

### **Differentiation**

\*Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving	On Grade Level	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
Students	Students		
High-achieving students will be encouraged to extend their learning beyond classroom activities. Additional readings will be made available according to the students' unique interests. Alternate and/or modified assignments, according to the students' unique interests, will be made available. All students will be encouraged to take advantage of tutoring and/or office hours when available.	Each unit for this course contains a variety of texts (readings, videos, etc.) that relate to the major themes within that unit. The instructional routines are developed around these texts to support best practices in reading instruction and aid students in meaning making, effective expression, language development and the acquisition of content knowledge and foundational skills. All students will be encouraged to take advantage of tutoring and/or office hours when available.	Any student who is struggling in the course will be provided with support to help them succeed. Support can include but are not limited to: breaking down assignments and readings into manageable pieces, providing notes, repeating/rephrasing directions, one-on-one instruction, and the use of audio/visual aids. All students will be encouraged to take advantage of tutoring and/or office hours when available.	Any student requiring further accommodations and/or modifications will have them individually listed in their 504 Plan or IEP. These might include, but are not limited to: breaking assignments into smaller tasks, giving directions through several channels (auditory, visual, kinesthetic, model), and/or small group instruction for reading/writing ELL supports should include, but are not limited to, the following: Extended time Provide visual aids Repeated directions Differentiate based on proficiency Provide word banks Allow for translators, dictionaries

### Unit 3: Justice

### Stage 1: Desired Results

### Standards & Indicators:

#### **Reading Domain**

RL.CR.11–12.1. Reading Literature.Close Reading of Text.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what a

literary text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text; this may include determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RI.CR.11–12.1. Reading Informational Texts.Close Reading of Text.11-12.1. Accurately cite a range of thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what an informational text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text.

RL.Cl.11–12.2. Reading Literature.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes of a literary text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RI.CI.11–12.2. Reading Informational Texts.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of an informational text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of a text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL.PP.11–12.5. Reading Literature.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.11-12.5. Evaluate perspectives/lenses from two or more texts on related topics and justify the more cogent viewpoint (e.g., different accounts of the same event or issue, use of different media or formats).

RL.MF.11–12.6. Reading Literature.Diverse Media and Formats.9–10.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the author's message).

RI.MF.11–12.6. Reading Informational Texts.Diverse Media and Formats.11-12.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the concept).

RI.CT.11–12.8. Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.

### Writing Domain

W.AW.11–12.1. Writing. Argumentative Writing.11-12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

- K. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- L. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- M. Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
- N. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

O. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.IW.11–12.2. Writing.Informative and Explanatory Writing.11-12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts (including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes) to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

- M. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- N. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- O. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- P. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
- Q. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- R. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.NW.11–12.3. Writing.Narrative Writing.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- K. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- L. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- M. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- N. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- O. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.11–12.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.11-12.1.Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

1	<ol> <li>Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> </ol>				
	J. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.				
	ensure a he	ersations by posing and responding to questions that prob aring for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify and promote divergent and creative perspectives.			
	all sides of a	bughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, c in issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determ is required to deepen the investigation or complete the tas	nine what additional information		
	visual, and	nd Listening.Use Media.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digit interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understa erest. 2			
Integration of C	limate Cha	nge:			
<ul> <li>RI.CT.11–12.8. Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.</li> <li>W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</li> <li>SL.UM.11–12.5. Speaking and Listening.Use Media.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.</li> </ul>					
Standar	Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills				
Standar	u	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas		
9.1.12.CFR.1		Compare and contrast the role of philanthropy, volunteer service, and charities in community development and quality of life in a variety of cultures.	Philanthropic, charitable, and entrepreneurial organizations play distinctly different but		
9.1.12.CFR.2		Summarize causes important to you and compare organizations you seek to support to other organizations with similar missions.	vitally important roles in supporting the interests of local and global communities.		
9.1.12.FP.6		Biological behavioral biases, psychology, and unconscious			

beliefs affect financial decision-making.

is an important part of

success.

An individual's income and

benefit needs and financial

plan can change over time.

With a growth mindset, failure

practice.

Analyze how the economic, social, and political

conditions of a time period can affect the labor market.

Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use

creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a).

9.2.12.CAP.13

9.4.12.CI.1

9.4.12.CI.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).		Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities.	
9.4.12.CI.3		Investigate new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement, and transition (e.g., 2.1.12.PGD.1).		
9.4.12.CT.2		Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g.,		
Central Idea/Enduring U	nderstanding:	Essential/Guiding Question	<u>n</u> :	
Both individual bias and s contribute to our sense of		What problems arise when we relate to people as members of a group, rather than as unique individuals?		
Power and privilege shape the relationships that people have with each other as well as with institutions.		What is the difference between individual bias and structural inequality?		
		How do bias and injustice affect the future?		
Power, privilege, and authority can determine an individual's and a community's access to opportunity.		How do power and privilege shape the relationships people have with each other as well as with institutions?		
		What shared beliefs have inspired social justice movements in history?		
		How can the lived experiences of individuals reflect social inequities?		
		How does power determine access and opportunity?		
Content:		Skills(Objectives):		
<u>Ben DeSoto 'Understanding Poverty' Exhibit</u> (multimedia)		To define and identify social justice.		
Disability Etiquette (readir	Disability Etiquette (reading)		To define, recognize, and analyze instances of individual bias and structural inequality.	
<u>1982: The AIDS Epidemic</u> (reading) <u>Una Vida de Esperanza</u> (reading)		To examine the importance of social justice movements in history and relate those movements to our current time.		
Interdisciplinary Connec	ctions:			

#### Interdisciplinary Connections:

The content in this unit enhances students' understanding of how justice is connected to and shaped by history, ethnicity, socio-economic status, psychology, and access to technology.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence		
Performance Task(s):	Other Evidence:	
Unit III Assessment	Reading Assignments	
Unit III Essay/Project	Writing Assignments	

Stage 3: Learning Plan			
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:		
<b>Reading Assignments:</b> Students will read and discuss a variety of texts centered on the unit theme. Each reading will include class discussion and	*LGBT and Disabilities Law https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL19/6HTM		
independent written work (e.g., personal response or open ended questions) to support students' understanding of the text.	Learning for Justice https://www.learningforjustice.org/		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	GLSEN Educator Resources		
Writing Assignments: Students will have the opportunity to complete a variety of formal and	https://www.glsen.org/resources/educator-resources		
informal writing assignments. Personal responses,	Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List		
journal entries, discussion boards responses, and analytical writing further students' understanding of and interaction with course texts and classroom	https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-for-educators/suppor ting-lgbtqia-youth-resource-list		
discussions.	Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities Teaching Tolerance		
<b>Collaborative Discussion:</b> Daily participation in class discussion with peers encourages students to engage with topics through the unit. Discussion also highlights	https://www.respectability.org/resources/education-resource s-disability-issues/		
multiple points of view. Discussions will include whole class, small group, and partner work (e.g., Think-Pair-Share, Turn and Talk, etc.).	Anti-Defamation League (ADL): Fighting Hate for Good <u>https://adl.org</u>		
	Critical Media Project https://criticalmediaproject.org/		

Differentiation \*Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving	On Grade Level	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
Students	Students		
High-achieving students		Any student who is	Any student requiring further
will be encouraged to	Each unit for this course	struggling in the course will	accommodations and/or
extend their learning	contains a variety of	be provided with support to	modifications will have them
beyond classroom	texts (readings, videos,	help them succeed.	individually listed in their 504
activities. Additional	etc.) that relate to the	Support can include but	Plan or IEP. These might
readings will be made	major themes within that	are not limited to: breaking	include, but are not limited to:
available according to the	unit. The instructional	down assignments and	breaking assignments into
students' unique interests.	routines are developed	readings into manageable	smaller tasks, giving
Alternate and/or modified	around these texts to	pieces, providing notes,	directions through several
assignments, according to	support best practices in	repeating/rephrasing	channels (auditory, visual,
the students' unique	reading instruction and	directions, one-on-one	kinesthetic, model), and/or
interests, will be made	aid students in meaning	instruction, and the use of	small group instruction for
available.	making, effective	audio/visual aids.	reading/writing
	expression, language		
All students will be	development and the	All students will be	ELL supports should include,
encouraged to take	acquisition of content	encouraged to take	but are not limited to, the
advantage of tutoring	knowledge and	advantage of tutoring	following:
and/or office hours when	foundational skills.	and/or office hours when	Extended time
available.		available.	Provide visual aids
	All students will be		Repeated directions

encouraged to take	Differentiate based on
advantage of tutoring	proficiency
and/or office hours when	Provide word banks
available.	Allow for translators,
	dictionaries

### Unit 4: Action

### Stage 1: Desired Results

### Standards & Indicators:

#### **Reading Domain**

RL.CR.11–12.1. Reading Literature.Close Reading of Text.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what a literary text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text; this may include determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RI.CR.11–12.1. Reading Informational Texts.Close Reading of Text.11-12.1. Accurately cite a range of thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of what an informational text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text.

RL.Cl.11–12.2. Reading Literature.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes of a literary text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RI.CI.11–12.2. Reading Informational Texts.Central Ideas and Themes of Texts.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of an informational text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of a text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL.PP.11–12.5. Reading Literature.Perspective and Purpose in Texts.11-12.5. Evaluate perspectives/lenses from two or more texts on related topics and justify the more cogent viewpoint (e.g., different accounts of the same event or issue, use of different media or formats).

RL.MF.11–12.6. Reading Literature.Diverse Media and Formats.9–10.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the author's message).

RI.MF.11–12.6. Reading Informational Texts.Diverse Media and Formats.11-12.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the concept).

RI.CT.11–12.8. Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.

Writing Domain

W.AW.11–12.1. Writing. Argumentative Writing.11-12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

- P. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- Q. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- R. Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
- S. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- T. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.IW.11–12.2. Writing.Informative and Explanatory Writing.11-12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts (including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes) to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

- S. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- T. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- U. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
- V. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
- W. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- X. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.NW.11–12.3. Writing.Narrative Writing.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- P. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- Q. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

- R. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- S. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- T. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.PE.11–12.1. Speaking and Listening.Participate Effectively.11-12.1.Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

- M. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
- N. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.
- O. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
- P. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

SL.UM.11–12.5. Speaking and Listening.Use Media.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

#### Integration of Climate Change:

**RI.CT.11–12.8.** Reading Informational Texts.Comparison of Texts.11-12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements.

W.WR.11–12.5. Writing.Writing Research.11-12.5. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

SL.UM.11–12.5. Speaking and Listening.Use Media.9-10.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills			
Standard	Performance Expectations		Core Ideas
9.1.12.CFR.1 9.1.12.CFR.2	Compare and contrast the role of philanthropy, volunteer service, and charities in community development and quality of life in a variety of cultures. Summarize causes important to you and compare organizations you seek to support to other organizations with similar missions.		Philanthropic, charitable, and entrepreneurial organizations play distinctly different but vitally important roles in supporting the interests of local and global
9.1.12.FP.6	Evaluate the relationship of familial patterns, cultural traditions, and historical influences on financial practice.		communities. Biological behavioral biases, psychology, and unconscious beliefs affect financial decision-making.
9.2.12.CAP.13	Analyze how the economic, social, and political conditions of a time period can affect the labor market.		An individual's income and benefit needs and financial plan can change over time.
9.4.12.Cl.1	Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a).		With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success.
9.4.12.Cl.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).		Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities.
9.4.12.Cl.3	Investigate new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement, and transition (e.g., 2.1.12.PGD.1).		Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities.
9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a).		Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
Central Idea/Enduring Un	derstanding:	Essential/Guiding Question	
Empathy for otherswhether they are similar to or different from usis essential for achieving social justice. Everyday actions can help achieve greater social justice in our communities. We all have a responsibility to stand up to injustice.		How is empathy a seed of soc Does everyone have an equa injustice? How can we effectively interru hear it? Why is it important to stand up around you do not?	l responsibility to stand up to upt biased speech when we
		What factors are important to whether or not to speak up in	

	Do our obligations to ourselves require us to stand up for others?
<u>Content</u> :	<u>Skills(Objectives)</u> :
<u>1961: The Freedom Riders</u> (reading)	To recognize biased speech and develop ways to prevent its use.
Confrontation at the Bridge (visual)	To determine which factors need to be considered when
Remarks in Recognition of International Human Rights Day (reading)	choosing whether or not to speak up in the face of injustice.
One School Girl's Protest of Seventeen Magazine—Now 75,000 Strong (reading)	To develop an action plan to increase both empathy and social justice in our own community.
To Serve with Honor (reading)	

#### **Interdisciplinary Connections:**

The content in this unit enhances students' understanding of how the enactment of social justice is connected to and shaped by history, ethnicity, socio-economic status, psychology, and access to technology.

### Stage 2: Assessment Evidence

Performance Task(s): Unit IV Assessment Unit IV Essay/Project

#### Other Evidence: Reading Assignments Writing Assignments

### Stage 3: Learning Plan

#### Learning Opportunities/Strategies:

**Reading Assignments:** Students will read and discuss a variety of texts centered on the unit theme. Each reading will include class discussion and independent written work (e.g., personal response or open ended questions) to support students' understanding of the text.

Writing Assignments: Students will have the opportunity to complete a variety of formal and informal writing assignments. Personal responses, journal entries, discussion boards responses, and analytical writing further students' understanding of and interaction with course texts and classroom discussions.

**Collaborative Discussion:** Daily participation in class discussion with peers encourages students to engage with topics through the unit. Discussion also highlights multiple points of view. Discussions will include whole class, small group, and partner work (e.g., Think-Pair-Share, Turn and Talk, etc.).

#### Resources:

\*LGBT and Disabilities Law https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL19/6\_.HTM

Learning for Justice <u>https://www.learningforjustice.org/</u>

GLSEN Educator Resources https://www.glsen.org/resources/educator-resources

Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List <u>https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-for-educators/suppor</u> ting-lgbtqia-youth-resource-list

Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities Teaching Tolerance <u>https://www.respectability.org/resources/education-resource</u> s-disability-issues/

Anti-Defamation League (ADL): Fighting Hate for Good <u>https://adl.org</u>

Critical Media Project https://criticalmediaproject.org/

\*Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving	On Grade Level	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
Students	Students		
High-achieving students will be encouraged to extend their learning beyond classroom activities. Additional readings will be made available according to the students' unique interests. Alternate and/or modified assignments, according to the students' unique interests, will be made available.	Each unit for this course contains a variety of texts (readings, videos, etc.) that relate to the major themes within that unit. The instructional routines are developed around these texts to support best practices in reading instruction and aid students in meaning making, effective expression, language	Any student who is struggling in the course will be provided with support to help them succeed. Support can include but are not limited to: breaking down assignments and readings into manageable pieces, providing notes, repeating/rephrasing directions, one-on-one instruction, and the use of audio/visual aids.	Any student requiring further accommodations and/or modifications will have them individually listed in their 504 Plan or IEP. These might include, but are not limited to: breaking assignments into smaller tasks, giving directions through several channels (auditory, visual, kinesthetic, model), and/or small group instruction for reading/writing
All students will be encouraged to take advantage of tutoring and/or office hours when available.	development and the acquisition of content knowledge and foundational skills. All students will be encouraged to take advantage of tutoring and/or office hours when available.	All students will be encouraged to take advantage of tutoring and/or office hours when available.	ELL supports should include, but are not limited to, the following: Extended time Provide visual aids Repeated directions Differentiate based on proficiency Provide word banks Allow for translators, dictionaries

# Pacing Guide

Diversity, Equity, and Justice	Content/Resources	Standards	
UNIT 1: Identity			
23 Days Course Introduction (1 day)	*LGBT and Disabilities Law https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL 19/6HTM	RL.CR.11–12.1. RI.CR.11–12.1. RL.CI.11–12.2. RI.CI.11–12.2.	
<ul> <li>Syllabus, Class Policies &amp; Procedures</li> <li>Student Introduction, Icebreakers, etc.</li> </ul>	Learning for Justice https://www.learningforjustice.org/	RI.GI. 11–12.2. RL.PP.11–12.5. RL.MF.11–12.6. RI.MF.11–12.6.	
<ul> <li>Unit I Introduction (2 days)</li> <li>Defining "identity"</li> <li>Identity and the self</li> </ul>	GLSEN Educator Resources https://www.glsen.org/resources/educator -resources	RI.CT.11–12.8. W.AW.11–12.1.A.B.C.D.E. W.IW.11–12.2.A.B.C.D.E.F. W.NW.11–12.3.A.B.C.D.E.	
Identity & Race & Ethnicity (5 days) • Saffron Dreams (reading)	Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-fo	W.WR.11–12.5. W.SE.11–12.6. W.RW.11–12.7.	
Identify & Ability (5 days) • Deaf Culture (reading)	r-educators/supporting-lgbtqia-youth-reso urce-list	SL.PE.11–12.1.A.B.C.D. SL.UM.11–12.5.	
Identity & Gender/Sexuality (5 days) Gawking, Gaping, Staring (reading) Gend-o-meter (video)	Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities Teaching Tolerance <u>https://www.respectability.org/resources/e</u> <u>ducation-resources-disability-issues/</u>		
Unit I Online Assessment (1 day)	Anti-Defamation League (ADL): Fighting Hate for Good		
Unit I Essay/Project (4 days)	https://adl.org		
	Critical Media Project https://criticalmediaproject.org/		
UNIT 2: Diversity			
22 Days	*LGBT and Disabilities Law https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL	RL.CR.11–12.1. RI.CR.11–12.1.	
<ul> <li>Unit 2 Introduction (1 day)</li> <li>Defining "diversity"</li> <li>Intersections between Identity &amp; Diversity</li> </ul>	<u>19/6HTM</u> Learning for Justice <u>https://www.learningforjustice.org/</u>	RL.CI.11–12.2. RI.CI.11–12.2. RL.PP.11–12.5. RL.MF.11–12.6. RI.MF.11–12.6.	
<ul> <li>Diversity &amp; Privilege (5 days)</li> <li>White Privilege: Unpacking the Invisible Knapsack (reading)</li> </ul>	GLSEN Educator Resources https://www.glsen.org/resources/educator -resources	RI.CT.11–12.8. W.AW.11–12.1.A.B.C.D.E. W.IW.11–12.2.A.B.C.D.E.F. W.NW.11–12.3.A.B.C.D.E. W.WR.11–12.5.	
Aspects of Diversity (Race/Ethnicity, Class, Gender/Sexuality, Religion, Ability, Immigration) (10 days)	Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource List	W.SE.11–12.6. W.RW.11–12.7. SL.PE.11–12.1.A.B.C.D. SL.UM.11–12.5.	

Majority Rule (reading)	https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-fo	
<ul> <li>Majority Rule (reading)</li> <li>Covering (reading)</li> </ul>	r-educators/supporting-lgbtgia-youth-reso	
<ul> <li>(A)wake (poem)</li> </ul>	urce-list	
Unit II Online Assessment (1 day)	Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities	
Unit II Essay/Project (5 days)	Teaching Tolerance https://www.respectability.org/resources/e ducation-resources-disability-issues/	
	Anti-Defamation League (ADL): Fighting Hate for Good <u>https://adl.org</u>	
	Critical Media Project <u>https://criticalmediaproject.org/</u>	
UNIT 3: Justice		
22 Days	*LGBT and Disabilities Law https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL	RL.CR.11–12.1. RI.CR.11–12.1.
<ul> <li>Unit 3 Introduction (1 day)</li> <li>Defining "justice" and "social justice"</li> </ul>	<u>19/6HTM</u> Learning for Justice	RL.CI.11–12.2. RI.CI.11–12.2. RL.PP.11–12.5.
Justice & Class (4 days) Ben DeSoto 'Understanding Poverty'	https://www.learningforjustice.org/ GLSEN Educator Resources	RL.MF.11–12.6. RI.MF.11–12.6. RI.CT.11–12.8.
Exhibit (multimedia)	https://www.glsen.org/resources/educator -resources	W.AW.11–12.1.A.B.C.D.E. W.IW.11–12.2.A.B.C.D.E.F.
<ul><li>Justicity &amp; Ability (4 days)</li><li>Disability Etiquette (reading)</li></ul>	Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource	W.NW.11–12.3.A.B.C.D.E. W.WR.11–12.5. W.SE.11–12.6.
Justice & Gender/Sexuality, Ability, Medical Access (4 days) • 1982: The AIDS Epidemic (reading)	https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-fo r-educators/supporting-lgbtqia-youth-reso urce-list	W.RW.11–12.7. SL.PE.11–12.1.A.B.C.D. SL.UM.11–12.5.
Justice & Race/Ethnicity, Bullying/Bias (4 days) Una Vida de Esperanza (reading)	Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas, Advancing Opportunities Teaching Tolerance https://www.respectability.org/resources/e	
Unit III Online Assessment (1 day)	ducation-resources-disability-issues/	
Unit III Essay/Project (4 days)	Anti-Defamation League (ADL): Fighting Hate for Good <u>https://adl.org</u>	
	Critical Media Project https://criticalmediaproject.org/	
UNIT 4: Action		·
23 Days	*LGBT and Disabilities Law	RL.CR.11–12.1. RI.CR.11–12.1.

Unit 4 Introduction (1 day)	https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2018/Bills/PL	RL.CI.11–12.2.
Social Justice & Activism	19/6 .HTM	RI.CI.11–12.2.
• Social Justice & Activism	<u>13/0</u>	RL.PP.11–12.5
	Learning for Justice	RL.MF.11–12.6.
Action & Race/Ethnicity (5 days)	https://www.learningforjustice.org/	RI.MF.11–12.6.
<ul> <li>1961: The Freedom Riders (reading)</li> </ul>	<u>interest interest in</u>	RI.CT.11–12.8.
<ul> <li>Confrontation at the Bridge (visual)</li> </ul>	GLSEN Educator Resources	W.AW.11–12.1.A.B.C.D.E.
	https://www.glsen.org/resources/educator	_
Action & Class, Ability, Access (5 days)	-resources	W.NW.11–12.3.A.B.C.D.E.
<ul> <li>Remarks in Recognition of</li> </ul>		W.WR.11–12.5.
International Human Rights Day	Supporting LGBTQIA Youth Resource	W.SE.11–12.6.
(reading)	List	W.RW.11–12.7.
(localing)	https://mcc.gse.harvard.edu/resources-fo	SL.PE.11–12.1.A.B.C.D.
Action & Gender/Sexuality (6 days)	r-educators/supporting-lgbtqia-youth-reso	SL.UM.11–12.5.
One School Girl's Protest of	urce-list	
Seventeen Magazine—Now 75,000	Respect Ability: Fighting Stigmas,	
Strong (reading)	Advancing Opportunities	
To Serve with Honor (reading)	Teaching Tolerance	
	https://www.respectability.org/resources/e	
Unit IV Online Assessment (1 day)	ducation-resources-disability-issues/	
Unit IV Essay/Project (5 days)	Anti-Defamation League (ADL): Fighting	
	Hate for Good	
	https://adl.org	
	Critical Madia Project	
	Critical Media Project	
	https://criticalmediaproject.org/	