Unit Title: Unit 1 Structural Organization

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

HS-LS1-1. Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells

HS-LS1-2. Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms

HS-LS1-3. Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis

HS-LS1-7. Use a model to illustrate that cellular respiration is a chemical process whereby the bonds of food molecules and oxygen molecules are broken and the bonds in new compounds are formed resulting in a net transfer of energy.

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills		
Standard	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas
9.4.12.Cl.1	Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a)	With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success.
9.4.12.Cl.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).	Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities
9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a)	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
9.4.12.CT.4	Participate in online strategy and planning sessions for course-based, school-based, or other projects and determine the strategies that contribute to effective outcomes.	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
9.4.12.GCA.1	Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political. economic, cultural) may work better than others (e.g., SL.11-12.1., HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, 6.3.12.GeoGI.1, 7.1.IH.IPERS.6, 7.1.IL.IPERS.7, 8.2.12.ETW.3).	Solutions to the problems faced by a global society require the contribution of individuals with different points of view and experiences
9.4.12.TL.1	Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task (e.g.,	Digital tools differ in features, capacities, and styles. Knowledge of different digital tools is helpful in

VV.11-12.6.).	selecting the best tool for a given task.	
Central Idea/Enduring Understanding: An understanding of the relationship between the function and structure of the organs of the human body is essential to understanding the functioning of each body system.	Essential/Guiding Question: How is the human body organized? How is balance maintained within the human body? What are the basic structures and functions of the human body systems?	
 Content: Anatomy and physiology terminology Levels of structural organization Cell structure and physiology Body tissue structure and function Cell solutions: isotonic, hypotonic, hypertonic Role of homeostasis in the human body Anatomical positions, directional terms, and body cavities The eleven body systems 	 Skills(Objectives): Describe the levels of organization within the human body from the simplest to most complex. Describe the organelles of a typical cell and indicate their specific functions. Demonstrate your knowledge of the four types of tissues in the human body. Describe the importance of homeostasis in maintaining balance in the human body. Describe the terminology associated with anatomical positions and directions. Demonstrate your knowledge of the dorsal and ventral body cavities. Describe the eleven body systems and their functions. 	
Interdisciplinary Connections:	v systems with aspects of history taking, differential diagnoses	
and treatment		
WHST.1112.9 Research to Build and Present Knowl	edge. Draw evidence from informational texts to support	
analysis, reflection, and research.		
Stage 2: Assessment Evidence		
 Performance Task(s): Students will identify the major organelles of a cell under a microscope Students will identify the body planes and sections using a banana Students will create a Tissues Poster identifying the four major types of tissues 	Other Evidence: - Unit Test Grade - Quizzes - Writing projects - Research projects - Google Classroom assignments - Group activities - Classroom discussions - Student created assessments - Rubrics - Rubrics	

Review Games (Kahoot, Quizlet)

Stage 3: Learning Plan		
Learning Opportunities/Strategies: Resources:		
Examples of learning opportunities include the	Textbook: Martini, Bartholomew. Essentials of Anatomy &	
following:	Physiology. Fifth Edition. 2010 . Pearson Higher Education.	
- Case Studies		
- Projects	Biodigital.com	
- Debates		
- Team building activities	Inclusive Science Classroom	
- Cooperative learning activities	GLSEN Educator Resources	
- Interactive games		
- Online learning websites		
- Internet research		
- Student driven activities		

Differentiation

*Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
-Use of critical thinking	-Use of critical	-Build background	Any student requiring further
activities	thinking activities	knowledge prior to	accommodations and/or
-Alternative	-Alternative	lessons	modifications will have them
assignments	assignments	-Highlight key	individually listed in their 504 Plan
-Choice of assignment	-Choice of	words	or IEP. These might include, but
related to the	assignment related	-Incorporate the use	are not limited to: breaking
topic-independent	to the	of technology	assignments into smaller tasks,
research	topic-independent	-Provide notes	giving directions through several
-Use of	research	-Provide study	channels (auditory, visual,
student-researched case	-Use of	guides	kinesthetic, model), and/or small
studies	student-researched	-Pre-teaching of	group instruction for
	case studies	vocabulary for	reading/writing
		understanding of	
		concepts	ELL supports should include, but
		-Word Search or	are not limited to, the following::
		crossword puzzles	Extended time
		for vocabulary	Provide visual aids
		reinforcement	Repeated directions
		-Using alternatives	Differentiate based on proficiency
		to written	Provide word banks
		assessments (oral	Allow for translators, dictionaries
		reports, class	
		discussion, and/or	
		projects)	
		-Be consistent with	
		expectations	

Unit Title: Unit 2 Integumentary System, Skeletal System

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

HS-LS1-1. Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells

HS-LS1-2. Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills		
Standard	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas
9.4.12.Cl.1	Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a)	With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success.
9.4.12.CI.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).	Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities
9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a)	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
9.4.12.CT.4	Participate in online strategy and planning sessions for course-based, school-based, or other projects and determine the strategies that contribute to effective outcomes.	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
9.4.12.GCA.1	Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political. economic, cultural) may work better than others (e.g., SL.11-12.1., HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, 6.3.12.GeoGI.1, 7.1.IH.IPERS.6, 7.1.IL.IPERS.7, 8.2.12.ETW.3).	Solutions to the problems faced by a global society require the contribution of individuals with different points of view and experiences
9.4.12.TL.1	Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task (e.g., W.11-12.6.).	Digital tools differ in features, capacities, and styles. Knowledge of different digital tools is helpful in selecting the best tool for a given task.

Central Idea/Enduring Understanding:	Essential/Guiding Question:
 The structures of skin help regulate other parts of the human body. The skeleton functions to allow movement and support for the human body. 	What are the main structural features of the epidermis, dermis and hypodermis and what are their functional significance? What are the common purposes that the integumentary system serves for all body systems? What bones make up the axial and appendicular skeleton?
• • • •	
 Content: Functions of the integumentary system Important structures and layers of the skin Structures and functions of the accessory structures of the integumentary system: hair, nails, glands Types of membranes: serous, mucous, and synovial Three types of burns Pathologies of the integumentary system Functions of the skeletal system: support, protection, movement, storage, blood cell formation Anatomy of a long bone: epiphysis, diaphysis, cartilage, bone marrow, periosteum Classification of bones Anatomy of the axial and appendicular skeleton Types of joints in the human body Pathologies of the skeletal system 	 Skills(Objectives): Describe the functions of the integumentary system. Demonstrate your knowledge of the structural features of the epidermis, dermis, and hypodermis Describe the accessory structures of the integumentary system. Describe the interaction between the integumentary system and other body systems. Describe the characteristics of the three types of membranes and their location in the body. Describe the functions of the skeletal system. Demonstrate your knowledge of the bone shapes. Demonstrate your knowledge of long bone anatomy. Describe the types of joints found in the human body. Demonstrate your knowledge of the bones of the axial and appendicular skeletons. Describe pathologies of the skeletal system.
Interdisciplinary Connections: - Case study incorporating knowledge of body and treatment	systems with aspects of history taking, differential diagnoses,
WHST.1112.9 Research to Build and Present Knowle analysis, reflection, and research.	edge. Draw evidence from informational texts to support
Stage 2: As	sessment Evidence
Performance Task(s):	Other Evidence:
- Students will label diagrams of skin, hair,	- Unit Test Grade
and nails	- Quizzes
- Students will create a presentation on a	- Writing projects
skin disorder	- Research projects

 Students will identify the bones of the axial and appendicular skeleton on models 	 Google Classroom assignments Group activities Classroom discussions Student created assessments Rubrics Review Games (Kahoot, Quizlet)
Stage 3	: Learning Plan
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:
Examples of learning opportunities include the	Textbook: Martini, Bartholomew. Essentials of Anatomy &
following:	Physiology. Fifth Edition. 2010 . Pearson Higher Education.
- Case Studies	
- Projects	Biodigital.com
- Debates	
- Team building activities	Inclusive Science Classroom
- Cooperative learning activities	GLSEN Educator Resources
- Interactive games	
- Online learning websites	
- Internet research	
- Student driven activities	
Differentiation	

*Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving	On Grade Level	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
Students	Students		
-Use of critical thinking	-Use of critical	-Build background	Any student requiring further
activities	thinking activities	knowledge prior to	accommodations and/or
-Alternative	-Alternative	lessons	modifications will have them
assignments	assignments	-Highlight key	individually listed in their 504 Plan
-Choice of assignment	-Choice of	words	or IEP. These might include, but
related to the	assignment related	-Incorporate the use	are not limited to: breaking
topic-independent	to the	of technology	assignments into smaller tasks,
research	topic-independent	-Provide notes	giving directions through several
-Use of	research	-Provide study	channels (auditory, visual,
student-researched case	-Use of	guides	kinesthetic, model), and/or small
studies	student-researched	-Pre-teaching of	group instruction for
	case studies	vocabulary for	reading/writing
		understanding of	
		concepts	ELL supports should include, but
		-Word Search or	are not limited to, the following::
		crossword puzzles	Extended time
		for vocabulary	Provide visual aids
		reinforcement	Repeated directions
		-Using alternatives	Differentiate based on proficiency
		to written	Provide word banks
		assessments (oral	Allow for translators, dictionaries
		reports, class	
			1

discussion, and/or projects) -Be consistent with	
expectations	

Unit Title: Unit 3 Muscular System

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

HS-LS1-1. Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells

HS-LS1-2. Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills		
Standard	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas
9.4.12.Cl.1	Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a)	With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success.
9.4.12.CI.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).	Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities
9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a)	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
9.4.12.CT.4	Participate in online strategy and planning sessions for course-based, school-based, or other projects and determine the strategies that contribute to effective outcomes.	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.
9.4.12.GCA.1	Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political. economic, cultural) may work better than others (e.g., SL.11-12.1., HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, 6.3.12.GeoGI.1, 7.1.IH.IPERS.6, 7.1.IL.IPERS.7, 8.2.12.ETW.3).	Solutions to the problems faced by a global society require the contribution of individuals with different points of view and experiences
9.4.12.TL.1	Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task (e.g., W.11-12.6.).	Digital tools differ in features, capacities, and styles. Knowledge of different digital tools is helpful in selecting the best tool for a given task.

 Central Idea/Enduring Understanding: The Muscular System is used to create movement of the human body 	Essential/Guiding Question: What are the structure and functions of the three types of muscles? How are muscles used to create movement of the human body?
 Content: Three types of muscles: skeletal, smooth, and cardiac Functions of the muscular system: movement, posture, heat production Anatomy of skeletal muscle: actin, myosin Muscle attachments to bone, tendons Muscle activity leading to contractions: nerve stimulus and the action potential Muscle nomenclature Muscle movement Pathology of the muscular system 	 Skills(Objectives): Describe the three types of muscles and their functions. Describe the activity leading to the contraction of a skeletal muscle. Demonstrate your knowledge of terminology of muscle movement. Describe pathologies of the muscular system.
Interdisciplinary Connections:	

- Case study incorporating knowledge of body systems with aspects of history taking, differential diagnoses, and treatment

WHST.1112.9 Research to Build and Present Knowledge. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence		
 Performance Task(s): Students will analyze slides of muscle tissue under the microscope Students will label diagrams of muscle locations and anatomy 	Other Evidence: - Unit Test Grade - Quizzes - Writing projects - Research projects - Google Classroom assignments - Group activities - Classroom discussions - Student created assessments - Rubrics - Review Games (Kahoot, Quizlet)	

Stage 3: Learning Plan		
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:	
Examples of learning opportunities include the	Textbook: Martini, Bartholomew. Essentials of Anatomy &	
following:	Physiology. Fifth Edition. 2010 . Pearson Higher Education.	
- Case Studies		
- Projects	Biodigital.com	
- Debates		
- Team building activities	Inclusive Science Classroom	
- Cooperative learning activities	GLSEN Educator Resources	
- Interactive games		
- Online learning websites		
- Internet research		
- Student driven activities		

Differentiation *Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
-Use of critical thinking	-Use of critical	-Build background	Any student requiring further
activities	thinking activities	knowledge prior to	accommodations and/or
-Alternative	-Alternative	lessons	modifications will have them
assignments	assignments	-Highlight key	individually listed in their 504 Plan
-Choice of assignment	-Choice of	words	or IEP. These might include, but
related to the	assignment related	-Incorporate the use	are not limited to: breaking
topic-independent	to the	of technology	assignments into smaller tasks,
research	topic-independent	-Provide notes	giving directions through several
-Use of	research	-Provide study	channels (auditory, visual,
student-researched case	-Use of	guides	kinesthetic, model), and/or small
studies	student-researched	-Pre-teaching of	group instruction for
	case studies	vocabulary for	reading/writing
		understanding of	
		concepts	ELL supports should include, but
		-Word Search or	are not limited to, the following::
		crossword puzzles	Extended time
		for vocabulary	Provide visual aids
		reinforcement	Repeated directions
		-Using alternatives	Differentiate based on proficiency
		to written	Provide word banks
		assessments (oral	Allow for translators, dictionaries
		reports, class	
		discussion, and/or	
		projects)	
		-Be consistent with	
		expectations	

Unit Title: Unit 4 Nervous System

Stage 1: Desired Results

Standards & Indicators:

HS-LS1-1. Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells

HS-LS1-2. Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms

Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills			
Standard	Performance Expectations	Core Ideas	
9.4.12.Cl.1	Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas (e.g., 1.1.12prof.CR3a)	With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success.	
9.4.12.CI.2	Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).	Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities	
9.4.12.CT.2	Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a)	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.	
9.4.12.CT.4	Participate in online strategy and planning sessions for course-based, school-based, or other projects and determine the strategies that contribute to effective outcomes.	Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed.	
9.4.12.GCA.1	Collaborate with individuals to analyze a variety of potential solutions to climate change effects and determine why some solutions (e.g., political. economic, cultural) may work better than others (e.g., SL.11-12.1., HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, 6.3.12.GeoGI.1, 7.1.IH.IPERS.6, 7.1.IL.IPERS.7, 8.2.12.ETW.3).	Solutions to the problems faced by a global society require the contribution of individuals with different points of view and experiences	
9.4.12.TL.1	Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task (e.g., W.11-12.6.).	Digital tools differ in features, capacities, and styles. Knowledge of different digital tools is helpful in selecting the best tool for a given task.	

 Central Idea/Enduring Understanding: The Nervous System allows information to be received, interpreted, and sent throughout the human body. 	Essential/Guiding Question: How is the nervous system organized? What are the components of the Central and Peripheral Nervous Systems?
 Content: Organization of the nervous system: the Central Nervous System and Peripheral Nervous System Nervous tissue structure and function Anatomy of a neuron Nerve conduction Central Nervous System anatomy: brain and spinal cord Peripheral Nervous System anatomy: cranial and spinal nerves Reflexes: autonomic and somatic Special senses Pathology of the nervous system 	 Skills(Objectives): Describe how the nervous system is organized into the Central and Peripheral Nervous Systems. Demonstrate your knowledge of neuron anatomy. Describe the anatomy of the Central Nervous System. Describe the anatomy of the Peripheral Nervous System. Demonstrate your knowledge of nervous system pathologies.
Interdisciplinary Connections:	evetems with aspects of history taking differential diagnoses

 Case study incorporating knowledge of body systems with aspects of history taking, differential diagnoses, and treatment

WHST.1112.9 Research to Build and Present Knowledge. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence			
 Performance Task(s): Students will label diagrams of a neuron and brain Students will complete a Reflex Lab. 	Other Evidence: - Unit Test Grade - Quizzes - Writing projects - Research projects - Google Classroom assignments - Group activities - Classroom discussions - Student created assessments - Rubrics - Review Games (Kahoot, Quizlet)		

Stage 3: Learning Plan		
Learning Opportunities/Strategies:	Resources:	
Examples of learning opportunities include the	Textbook: Martini, Bartholomew. Essentials of Anatomy &	
following:	Physiology. Fifth Edition. 2010 . Pearson Higher Education.	
- Case Studies		
- Projects	Biodigital.com	
- Debates		
- Team building activities	Inclusive Science Classroom	
- Cooperative learning activities	GLSEN Educator Resources	
- Interactive games		
- Online learning websites		
- Internet research		
- Student driven activities		

Differentiation

*Please note: Teachers who have students with 504 plans that require curricular accommodations are to refer to Struggling and/or Special Needs Section for differentiation

High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
-Use of critical thinking	-Use of critical	-Build background	Any student requiring further
activities	thinking activities	knowledge prior to	accommodations and/or
-Alternative	-Alternative	lessons	modifications will have them
assignments	assignments	-Highlight key	individually listed in their 504 Plan
-Choice of assignment	-Choice of	words	or IEP. These might include, but
related to the	assignment related	-Incorporate the use	are not limited to: breaking
topic-independent	to the	of technology	assignments into smaller tasks,
research	topic-independent	-Provide notes	giving directions through several
-Use of	research	-Provide study	channels (auditory, visual,
student-researched case	-Use of	guides	kinesthetic, model), and/or small
studies	student-researched	-Pre-teaching of	group instruction for
	case studies	vocabulary for	reading/writing
		understanding of	
		concepts	ELL supports should include, but
		-Word Search or	are not limited to, the following::
		crossword puzzles	Extended time
		for vocabulary	Provide visual aids
		reinforcement	Repeated directions
		-Using alternatives	Differentiate based on proficiency
		to written	Provide word banks
		assessments (oral	Allow for translators, dictionaries
		reports, class	
		discussion, and/or	
		projects)	
		-Be consistent with	
		expectations	

Pacing Guide

Course Name	Resource	Standards
MP 1		
Unit 1 Structural Organization 23 days	CHAPTERS 1-4	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-2 HS-LS1-3 HS-LS1-7
MP 1		
UNIT 2 Integumentary System Skeletal System 22 days	CHAPTERS 5-6	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-2
MP 2		
UNIT 3 Muscular System 22 days	CHAPTERS 7	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-2
MP 2		
UNIT 4 Nervous System 23 days	CHAPTER 8-9	HS-LS1-1 HS-LS1-2